

## Axial piston variable pump A4VG Series 40

#### **RE 92004**

Edition: 09.2017 Replaces: 02.2017



- ► High-pressure pump for applications in a closed circuit up to 500 bar
- ▶ Size 110 ... 280
- ► Nominal pressure 450 bar
- ► Maximum pressure 500 bar
- Closed circuit

#### **Features**

- ► High power density owing to a very high pressure level
- ▶ Integrated auxiliary pump for boost and pilot oil supply
- ► Flow direction changes smoothly when the swashplate is moved through the neutral position
- High-pressure relief valves with integrated boost function
- ▶ With adjustable pressure cut-off as standard
- ► Boost-pressure relief valve
- ► Through drive for mounting of further pumps up to same nominal size
- ► High total efficiency
- ► Large variety of controls
- Swashplate design

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## Type code

01	02	2 03	3	04	05	06	<u>}</u>	07	08	(	09		10		11	12	13		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		23
A4\	/ G	i					$\perp$					/	40		М		N							Α		0			
Axia	l pist	on un	nit																										
01	Sw	ashpla	ate	desig	gn, va	ariabl	e, r	nomi	nal r	ores	sure	e 450	) bar,	ma	axim	um p	ressu	re	500	bar								,	A4V
ner	rating	g mod	ما																										
02		np, cl		d cir	cuit																								G
·i	(NG)																				,					-			
03	<del></del>	ometr	ic d	ienla	cem			"Tec	hnic	h le	ata'	" on	nage										110	125	1/15	175	210	280	l
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	_	evice																					110	125					
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	Aut	Omati	ic c	JIILIC	n, sp	eeu i	ета	ieu													12 V 24 V		•	•	-	╁	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	DA
	Dro	porti	ona	Lcon	trol																12 V	-	•		•	•	•	•	EP:
	1	ctric	Ulla	COII	tioi,																24 V				•	•		•	EP2
							-	with		nual	l ove	arrid	e and	en	ring	retur	'n				12 V			•				•	EP3
								VVICII	IIIa	iiuai	000	JIIIU	c and	эp	11116	rctui	11				24 V			•	•		•	•	EP4
	Two	o-poin	nt co	ontro	ı ele	ctric															12 V		•	•	•	•	•	•	EZ
		э рош		511610	,, 010	Otilo															24 V		•	•	•	•	•	•	EZ
	Ele	ctric o	cont	trol.	direc	t ope	erat	ed. t		ores	sure	e rec	lucine	va	lves	(DRE					12 V		•	•	•	•	0	0	ETS
				,				, -								(	,				24 V		•	•	•	•	0	0	ETE
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05	1	hout		ssure	cut-	off											withc	ut	hyna	955						1.	0	200	0
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	Pre	ssure	cut	-off,	with	bypa	ass													g, hyd	raulic,	mech	nanica	 al			•		D
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50	_	JTSCI												or c	liode												•		P
wiv		gle se														-										11	10 2	280	
07	$\overline{}$	hout:			ngle	senso						-															•		0
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• = Available • = On r	request - = Not available	= Preferred progr	ram
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<sup>1)</sup> Connectors for other electric components may deviate.

Electric swivel angle sensor (DWS20-1, 3-pin)<sup>2)</sup>

<sup>2)</sup> Please contact us if the swivel angle sensor is used for control

01	02 03 04 05 06	6 07 08	3 09 1 1	_	10	11	12	13	14	15 T	16 T	<u> 17</u>	18 T	19	20 T	21	22 T	1	7 23
\4V	'  G			/	40	M		N						Α		0			
ddi	tional function															11	0 2	80	
08	Without additional functio	n															•		0
	Mechanical stroke limiter,	externally a	djustabl	е													•		М
	Stroking chamber pressur	e port <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b>	4														•		Т
	Mechanical stroke limiter	and stroking	chambe	er p	ressure	port	<b>X</b> 3, <b>X</b> 2	1									•		В
	Neutral valve $U = 12 \text{ V}^{3)}$																•		N
		and med	chanical	stro	oke limi	ter, ex	terna	lly ad	justab	le							•		Р
		and por	ts <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub>	4 for	strokir	ng cha	mber	press	ure								•		R
		and med	chanical	stro	oke limi	ter an	d por	ts <b>X</b> 3,	$\mathbf{X}_4$								•		S
	Neutral valve $U = 24 \text{ V}^{3)}$																•		U
		and med	chanical	stro	oke limi	ter, ex	cterna	lly ad	justab	le							•		٧
		and por	ts <b>X</b> 3, <b>X</b> 2	4 for	strokir	ng cha	mber	press	ure								•		W
		and med	chanical	stro	oke limi	ter an	d por	ts <b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> ,	<b>X</b> <sub>4</sub>								•		Υ
)A c	ontrol valve (only for NG11	.0 and 125)										НР	HW	нт	DA	EP	ΕZ	ET	
09	Without DA control valve											•	•	•	_	•	•	•	0
	DA control valve, fixed set	ting										•	•	•	•	•	_	-	1
	DA control valve, fixed set mounted, control with bra	•	ke inch	valv	e l	pased	on m	ineral	oil			-	-	-	•	-	-	-	5
	DA control valve, fixed set	ting, ports f	or pilot o	con	trol dev	ice	-,-					•	•	•	•	•	_	-	6
erie			<u> </u>													11	0 2	90	
10	Series 4, index 0																•	80 	40
	-																		40
	iguration of port and faste		5													11	0 2	80 	l
11	Metric, ISO 6149 with O-r	ing seal															•		М
)irec	tion of rotation															11	0 2	80	
12	Viewed on drive shaft						_(	clockv	vise								•		R
							(	counte	er-cloc	kwise	!						•		L
eali	ng material															11	0 2	80	
13	NBR (nitrile rubber), shaft	seal in FKM	1 (fluoro	elas	stomer)												•		N
/our	nting flange												110	125	145	175	210	280	
14	SAE J744		127-2/	<u>'</u> 4						-	-		•	•	_	_	_		Cé
	0,120711		152-2/								-		•	•	•	•	_	_	De
			165-4										_	_	_	•	•	•	E4
			100 +													_		_	
	shaft	4.0/0:	0.1.7.1.0	. / 0 0									110		145	175	210		
15	Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a-1976	1 3/8 in											•	-	_	_	_	-	V
	ANSI 692.1a-1970	1 3/4 in											•	•	•	•	-	-	T:
		2 in	15T 8/										•	•	•	_	•	•	T:
		2 1/4 in		160	)P								-	-	•	•	•	•	T
	Splined shaft DIN 5480	W40×2×											•	-	-	_	-	-	Z
		W45×2×	21×9										•	•	•	•	•		A
		W50×2×	24×9										-	-	•	•	-	_	A:
	1	W55×2×											i		ı		i .		A:

<sup>3)</sup> Cannot be combined with brake inch valve

<sup>4)</sup> Cannot be combined with neutral valve

# 4 **A4VG Series 40** | Axial piston variable pump Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		23
A4V	G								/	40	М		N						Α		0		T -	
Work	ing po	rt		•	!						•										11	0 2	80	
16	SAE v	vorkin	g por	t <b>A</b> an	id <b>B</b> , o	n left	side	(45° le	ft)													•		1
	SAE v	vorkin	g por	t <b>A</b> an	id <b>B</b> , o	n righ	nt side	e (45° r	right)	5)												•		2
Boost	t pump	and	rotar	y grou	ıp con	figura	ation											110	125	145	175	210	280	
17	Stand	lard ro	otary	group		boo	st pur	np inte	egrate	ed, sta	ındarc	linte	nal ge	ear pu	mp			•	•	•	•	•	•	F
						boo	st pur	np inte	egrate	ed, lar	ge int	ernal	gear p	ump				•	-	•	•	•	-	В
						with	out b	oost p	ump									•	•	•	•	•	•	U
	High-s	speed	rotar	y grou	пр	boo	st pur	mp inte	egrate	ed, sta	andarc	linte	nal ge	ear pu	mp			•	-	•	•	-	-	V
						with	out b	oost p	ump									•	-	•	•	-	_	W
Throu	ıgh dri	ve <sup>6)</sup>																110	125	145	175	210	280	
18	Witho		ough	drive														•	•	•	•	•	•	0000
	Flang	e SAE	J744	1				Hub fo	r spli	ned sl	haft <sup>7)</sup>										!		!	
	Diame	eter		Mour	nting <sup>8)</sup>	Cod	le	Diamet	ter			(	Code											
	82-2 (	(A)		8		A1		5/8 in	9	T 16/	32DP	(	52					•	-	•	•	•	0	A1S2
						A1		3/4 in	1	1T 16	/32DF	) (	S3					•	ı	•	•	•	0	A1S3
				0-0		A2		5/8 in	9	T 16/	32DP	(	52					•	•	•	•	•	•	A2S2
						A2	;	3/4 in	1	1T 16	/32DF		33					•	-	•	•	•	0	A2S3
	101-2	(B)		8		B1		7/8 in	1	3T 16	/32DF		64					•	•	•	•	•	•	B1S4
						B1		1 in	1	5T 16	/32DF		S5					•	-	•	•	•	•	B1S5
				0-0		B2		7/8 in	1	3T 16	/32DF		64					•	•	•	•	•	•	B2S4
						B2		1 in	1	5T 16	/32DF		S5					•	0	•	•	•	•	B2S5
				oo		B5		7/8 in	1	3T 16	/32DF		64					•	-	•	0	0	0	B5S4
						B5		1 in	1	5T 16	/32DF		S5					•	-	0	0	•	•	B5S5
	101-4	(B)		$\Xi$		B4		7/8 in		3T 16			64					0	-	•	0	•	•	B4S4
						B4		1 in	1	5T 16	/32DF		S5					•		•	•	0	0	B4S5
	127-2	(C)		8		C1		1 in		5T 16	-		35					-		0	-	-	-	C1S5
						C1		1 1/4 i		4T 12			S7					•	•	•	•	•	0	C1S7
				0-0		C2		1 1/4 i		4T 12	-		67					•	•	•	•	•	•	C2S7
						C2		1 3/8 i		1T 16	•		/8					•		•	•	-	-	C2V8
						C2		1 3/4 i		3T 8/:			Γ1					-	-	•	•	-	-	C2T1
		<b>'</b> - '		<i>م</i> ه		C5		1 1/4 i		4T 12			57					•	0	•	0	-	-	C5S7
	127-4	(C)		H		C4		1 1/4 i		4T 12			57					•	•	•	•	•	•	C4S7
	450 :	(D)		0-0		C4		1 3/8 i		1T 16			/8					•	•	•	•	-	•	C4V8
	152-4			<del>23</del>		D4		1 3/4 i		3T 8/			[1					_	-	•	•	•	•	D4T1
	165-4	(E)		H		E4	_	1 3/4 i		3T 8/:			[1					_	-	-	•	•	•	E4T1
								2 in	1	5T 8/:	TPD5		72					-	-	_	_	•	•	E4T2

= Available

• = On request - = Not available

= Preferred program

<sup>5)</sup> Only possible without attachment filter.

<sup>6)</sup> Specifications for version with integrated standard gear pump, please contact us for version with integrated large gear pump or without boost pump.

<sup>7)</sup> Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a-1976 (drive shaft allocation according to SAE J744)

<sup>8)</sup> Mounting hole pattern viewed on through drive

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		2
<b>\4V</b>	G								1	40	М		N						Α		0		_	
ligh- <sub>l</sub>	oressu	re rel	ief va	lve																	11	0 2	80	
19	High-	oressu	ıre rel	ief val	lve, di	rect o	perate	ed, fix	ed se	tting, v	with l	ow-pre	essure	relie	fvalve	, fixec	settii	ng				•		Α
iltra	tion b	oost c	ircuit	/exte	rnal b	oost p	oressu	ıre su	pply												11	0 2	80	
20	Filtra	tion ir	the b	oost	pump	suction	on line	Э														•		S
	Filtra	tion ir	the b	oost	pump	press	ure li	ne																D
	Por	ts for	exterr	nal bo	ost ciı	rcuit f	iltratio	on ( <b>F</b> e	and <b>I</b>	a)														
	Atta	chme	chment filter with cold start valve <sup>9)</sup>																•		F			
	Atta	chme	chment filter <sup>9)</sup> with cold start valve and electric contamination indicator – DEUTSCH connector																•		В			
	Exter	ernal boost pressure supply (on version without integrated boost pump)																•		E				
ress	ure se	nsor																110	125	145	175	210	280	
21	Withc	ut pre	essure	sens	or													•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	High-	oressu	ıre at	meası	uring	port <b>N</b>	<b>/I</b> A and	<b>M</b> <sub>B</sub> <sup>10</sup>	)									•	•	0	0	0	0	4
ther	senso	ors																110	125	145	175	210	280	
22	Withc	ut sei	nsor															•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	Speed	d sens	or DS	M, DS	SA <sup>11)</sup>													0	-	0	0	0	0	٧
tand	ard /	specia	al vers	sion																	11	0 2	80	
23	Stanc	lard ve	ersion																			•		0
	Stand	lard ve	ersion	with	install	ation	variar	nts, e.	g. <b>T</b> p	orts a	gainst	stanc	lard o	pen o	r close	ed						•		Υ
Ī	Speci	al ver	sion																					s

• = Available	o = On request	- = Not available	= Preferred program

## Notice

- Note the project planning notes on page 67!
- ► In addition to the type code, please specify the relevant technical data when placing your order.

<sup>9)</sup> Only available for working ports located on left

<sup>10)</sup> Specify type code of sensor acc. to data sheet (PR4 - 95156) separately and observe the requirements on the electronics

<sup>11)</sup> Specify type code of sensor acc. to data sheet (DSM - 95132, DSA 95133) separately and observe the requirements on the electronics

## **Hydraulic fluid**

The axial piston unit is designed for operation with HLP mineral oil according to DIN 51524.

Application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluid selection, behavior during operation as well as disposal and environmental protection should be taken from the following data sheets before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ► 90222: Fire-resistant, water-free hydraulic fluids (HFDR/HFDU)
- ▶ 90225: Limited technical data for operation with waterfree and water-containing fire-resistant hydraulic fluids (HFDR, HFDU, HFAE, HFAS, HFB, HFC)

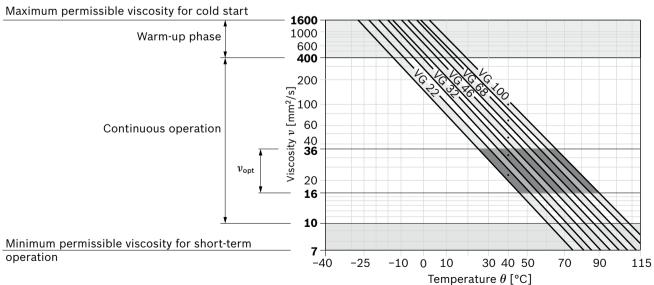
#### Notes on selection of hydraulic fluid

The hydraulic fluid should be selected so that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (vopt see selection diagram).

#### Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Temperature <sup>3)</sup>	Comment
Cold start	$v_{\text{max}} \le 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	NBR <sup>2)</sup>	θ <sub>St</sub> ≥ -40 °C	$t \le 3$ min, without load ( $p \le 50$ bar), $n \le 1000$ rpm
		FKM	θ <sub>St</sub> ≥ -25 °C	Permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid in the system maximum 25 K
Warm-up phase	$v = 1600 \dots 400 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			$t \le 15 \text{ min}, p \le 0.7 \times p_{\text{nom}} \text{ and } n \le 0.5 \times n_{\text{nom}}$
Continuous	$v = 400 \dots 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}^{1)}$	NBR <sup>2)</sup>	θ ≤ +85 °C	measured at port <b>T</b>
operation		FKM	θ ≤ +110 °C	
	$v_{\rm opt}$ = 36 16 mm <sup>2</sup> /s			Range of optimum operating viscosity and efficiency
Short-term	$v_{min} = 10 7 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	NBR <sup>2)</sup>	θ ≤ +85 °C	$t \le 3 \text{ min}, p \le 0.3 \times p_{\text{nom}}$ , measured at port <b>T</b>
Short-term operation		FKM	θ ≤ +110 °C	

#### **▼** Selection diagram



- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 1)}}$  Corresponds e.g. for VG 46 to a temperature range of +4 °C to +85 °C (see selection diagram)
- 2) Special version, please contact us
- 3) If the temperature at extreme operating parameters cannot be adhered to, please contact us.

#### Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 is to be maintained according to ISO 4406.

Depending on the system and the application, for the A4VG we recommend: Filter elements  $\beta_{20} \ge 100$ .

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (e.g. due to high temperatures in short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 according to ISO 4406 is required.

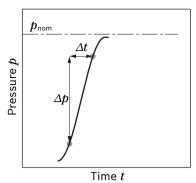
For example, the viscosity is 10 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at:

- ► HLP 32 a temperature of 73 °C
- ► HLP 46 a temperature of 85 °C

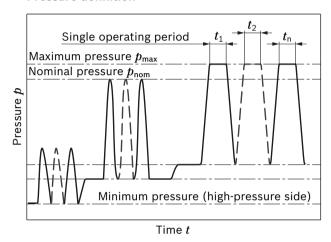
## Working pressure range

Pressure at working port A or B		Definition
Nominal pressure $p_{nom}$	450 bar	The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.
Maximum pressure $p_{\sf max}$	500 bar	The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum working pressure
Single operating period	10 s	within the single operating period. The sum of the single operating
Total operating period	300 h	periods must not exceed the total operating period.
Minimum pressure (high-pressure side)	25 bar	Minimum pressure at the high-pressure side ( <b>A</b> or <b>B</b> ) which is required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.
Minimum pressure (low-pressure side)	10 bar above case pressure	Minimum pressure at the low-pressure side ( <b>A</b> or <b>B</b> ) which is required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.  Boost pressure setting must be higher depending on system.
Rate of pressure change $R_{ m A\ max}$	9000 bar/s	Maximum permissible speed of pressure build-up and reduction during a pressure change across the entire pressure range.
Boost pump		
Nominal pressure $p_{\sf Sp\ nom}$	25 bar	
Maximum pressure $p_{Sp\ max}$	40 bar	
Pressure at suction port <b>S</b> (inlet)		
Continuous $p_{Smin}$	≥0.8 bar absolute	v ≤ 30 mm²/s
Short-term, at a cold start	≥0.5 bar absolute	t < 3 min
Maximum pressure $p_{\text{S max}}$	≤5 bar absolute	
Control pressure		
Required control pressure $p_{\text{St min}}$ at $n = 2000 \text{ rpm}$		Required control pressure $p_{\rm St}$ to ensure the function of the control. The required control pressure is depending on the rotational speed
Controls HP, HW, EP	20 bar above case pressure	and working pressure.
Controls HT, DA, EZ, ET	25 bar above case pressure	-
Case pressure at port T		
Maximum differential pressure $\Delta p_{\mathrm{T \ max}}$	See the diagram	Permissible differential pressure at the shaft seal (case to ambient pressure)
Pressure peak $p_{T}$ peak	10 bar	t < 0.1 s, maximum 1000 pressure peaks permissible
-		-

## **▼** Rate of pressure change $R_{\text{A max}}$

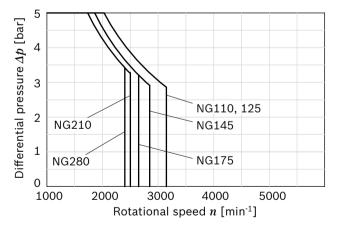


#### **▼** Pressure definition



Total operating period =  $t_1 + t_2 + ... + t_n$ 

#### ▼ Maximum differential pressure at the shaft seal



#### Notice

- Working pressure range valid when using hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils. Please contact us for values for other hydraulic fluids.
- ► In addition to the hydraulic fluid and the temperature, the service life of the shaft seal is influenced by the rotational speed of the axial piston unit and the case pressure.
- ► The service life of the shaft seal decreases with increasing frequency of pressure peaks and increasing mean differential pressure.
- ► The case pressure must be greater than the ambient pressure.

#### **Technical data**

Size			NG		110	125	145	175	210	280
Displaceme	ent, geometric, per	revolution								
	variable pump (at	p = 20 bar)	$V_{gmax}$	cm <sup>3</sup>	110.4	125	145.3	175.4	210.6	280.3
	standard boost pu	ımp (at p = 20 bar)	$V_{gSp}$	cm <sup>3</sup>	24.5	31	32	39	46	60
	large boost pump	(at p = 20 bar) <sup>1)</sup>	$V_{gSp}$	cm <sup>3</sup>	31	-	39	47	60	-
Torque <sup>2)</sup>	at $V_{gmax}$ and	$\Delta p$ = 430 bar	T	Nm	756	856	994	1200	1441	1918
		$\Delta p$ = 100 bar	T	Nm	176	200	231	279	335	446
Rotary stiff	ness of drive shaft	V8	с	kNm/rad	173	-	-	-	-	-
		T1	с	kNm/rad	214	193	248	266	-	-
		T2	с	kNm/rad	246	219	293	-	394	411
		T3	с	kNm/rad	-	-	340	374	483	510
		Z9	с	kNm/rad	219	-	-	-	-	-
		A1	c	kNm/rad	251	222	300	326	407	-
		A2	c	kNm/rad	-	-	326	357	-	-
		A3	c	kNm/rad	-	-	-	-	516	546
Moment of	inertia for rotary gr	oup	$J_{\sf TW}$	kgm²	0.0218	0.0232	0.0330	0.0570	0.0632	0.0975
Maximum a	angular acceleration	3)	α	rad/s²	14500	13000	12000	10000	8000	5000
Case volum	ne		V	I	2.5	2.3	3.3	3.1	4.9	5.4
Weight (wi	thout through drive	) approx.	m	kg	88	84	106	115	152	160
Standard r	otary group							,		
	maximum at $V_{gmax}$	(	$n_{nom\;S}$	rpm	3150	3000	2850	2650	2500	2400
speed <sup>4)</sup>	at $\Delta p \ge 40$ bar ( $t <$	15 s)	$n_{max\ 40}$	rpm	3350	3150	3000	2800	2650	2550
	minimum		$n_{min}$	rpm	500	500	500	500	500	500
Flow	at $n_{nom}$ and $V_{gmax}$		$q_{v}$	l/min	348	375	414	465	527	673
Power <sup>2)</sup>	at $n_{nom}$ , $V_{g\;max}$ and	<i>∆p</i> = 430 bar	P	kW	249	269	297	333	377	482
High-speed	l rotary group									
	maximum at $V_{ m gmax}$	(	$n_{nom\;H}$	rpm	3400	-	3050	3000	-	-
speed <sup>4)</sup>	at $\Delta p \ge 40$ bar ( $t <$	15 s)	n <sub>max 40</sub>	rpm	3600	-	3200	3100	-	-
	minimum		$n_{min}$	rpm	500	-	500	500	-	-
Flow	at $n_{nom}$ and $V_{gmax}$		$q_{v}$	l/min	375	-	443	526	-	_
Power <sup>2)</sup>	at $n_{nom}$ , $V_{gmax}$ and	$\Delta p = 430 \text{ bar}$	P	kW	269	-	318	377	-	-

#### **Notice**

- ► Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- ▶ Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. Bosch Rexroth recommend testing the loads by means of experiment or calculation/simulation and comparison with the permissible values.
- 1) The version with a large internal gear pump can result in maximum rotational speed limitations. Please contact us.
- 2) Without boost pump
- 3) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed.
  Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary

frequency, cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency).

The limit value is only valid for a single pump.

The load capacity of the connecting parts must be considered.

- 4) The values are applicable:
  - for the optimum viscosity range from  $n_{\rm opt}$  = 36 to 16 mm<sup>2</sup>/s
  - for hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils (for HF hydraulic fluids, observe the technical data in 90225)

#### Permissible radial and axial forces of the drive shafts

## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a

Size		NG		110	110	110	125	125	145	145
Drive shaft			in	1 3/8	1 3/4	2	1 3/4	2	1 3/4	2
Maximum radial	F <sub>q</sub> ⊢	$F_{q\;max}$	N	9524	7483	6548	6500	5800	9241	8086
force at distance a (from shaft collar)	a	a	mm	24	33.5	40	33.5	40	33.5	40
Maximum axial	$F_{ax} \pm \pm \frac{1}{2}$	+ F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	6305	6305	6305	6411	6411	6763	6763
force	T ax ± ← □	- F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	4095	4095	4095	3989	3989	4437	4437

Size		NG		145	175	175	210	210	280	280
Drive shaft			in	2 1/4	1 3/4	2 1/4	2	2 1/4	2	2 1/4
Maximum radial	$ F_{q} $	$F_{q\;max}$	N	8086	4800	4400	11185	10059	14562	13256
force at distance a (from shaft collar)	a	a	mm	40	33.5	40	40	40	40	40
Maximum axial	F +[]	+ F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	6763	7252	7252	7760	7760	8450	8450
force	Tax	- F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	4437	4748	4748	5040	5040	5150	5150

## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480

Size		NG		110	110	125	145	145	175	175
Drive shaft				W40	W45	W45	W45	W50	W45	W50
Maximum radial $ F_q \rightarrow$	$F_{q\;max}$	N	11000	10500	7200	9000	8500	5500	5000	
force at distance a (from shaft collar)	a	a	mm	22.5	25	25	25	27.5	25	27.5
Maximum axial	F + T	+ F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	6305	6305	6411	6763	6763	7252	7252
force $P_{ax} \pm \frac{1}{2}$	- F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	4095	4095	3989	4437	4437	4748	4748	

Size		NG		210	210	280
Drive shaft				W45	W55	W55
Maximum radial		$F_{q\;max}$	N	13500	12500	14500
force at distance a (from shaft collar)	a	a	mm	25	29	29
Maximum axial	F + (f)	+ F <sub>ax max</sub>	N	7760	7760	8450
force	Tax	- Fax max	N	5040	5040	5150

Determining	Determining the operating characteristics							
Flow	$q_{\sf v}$	=	$\frac{V_{g} \times n \times \eta_{v}}{1000}$		[l/min]			
Torque	Т	=	$\frac{V_{g} \times \Delta p}{20 \times \pi \times \eta_{hm}}$		[Nm]			
Power	P	=		$\frac{q_{v} \times \Delta p}{600 \times \eta_{t}}$	[kW]			

#### Key

 $V_{\rm g}$  Displacement per revolution [cm $^3$ ]

 $\Delta p$  Differential pressure [bar]

n Rotational speed [rpm]

 $\eta_{\rm v}$  Volumetric efficiency

 $\eta_{
m hm}$  Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency

 $\eta_{\rm t}$  Total efficiency ( $\eta_{\rm t}$  =  $\eta_{\rm v} \times \eta_{\rm hm}$ )

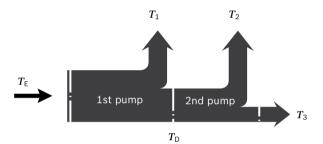
#### Notice

- ► The axial and radial forces generally influence the service life of the bearings.
- ► Special requirements apply in the case of belt drive and cardan shaft. Please contact us.

## Permissible input and through-drive torques

Size			NG		110	125	145	175	210	280
Torque at $V_{\rm g  max}$ and $\Delta p$ = 430 ba	Torque at $V_{\rm g  max}$ and $\Delta p$ = 430 bar <sup>1)</sup>			Nm	756	856	994	1200	1441	1918
Maximum input torque at drive	shaft²	)								
ANSI B92.1a-1976	<b>V8</b>	1 3/8 in	$T_{E\;max}$	Nm	970	-	-	-	-	-
	T1	1 3/4 in	$T_{E\;max}$	Nm	1640	1640	1640	1640	-	-
	T2	2 in	T <sub>E max</sub>	Nm	2670	2670	2670	_	2670	2670
	Т3	2 1/4 in	$T_{E\;max}$	Nm	-	-	4070	4070	4070	4070
DIN 5480	<b>Z</b> 9	W40	$T_{E\;max}$	Nm	On request	-	-	-	-	-
	A1	W45	T <sub>E max</sub>	Nm	2190	2190	2190	2190	2190	-
	A2	W50	T <sub>E max</sub>	Nm	-	-	3140	3140	-	-
	А3	W55	$T_{E\;max}$	Nm	-	-	-	-	4350	4350
Maximum through-drive torque			T <sub>D max</sub>	Nm	934	1110	1760	1760	2641	2641

## **▼** Distribution of torques



Torque at 1st pump	$T_1$		
Torque at 2nd pump	$T_2$		
Torque at 3rd pump	$T_3$		
Input torque	$T_E$	=	$T_1 + T_2 + T_3$
	$T_E$	<	$T_{Emax}$
Through-drive torque	$T_D$	=	$T_2 + T_3$
	$T_D$	<	$T_{Dmax}$

<sup>1)</sup> Efficiency not considered

<sup>2)</sup> For drive shafts free of radial force

## HP - Proportional control, hydraulic, pilot-pressure related

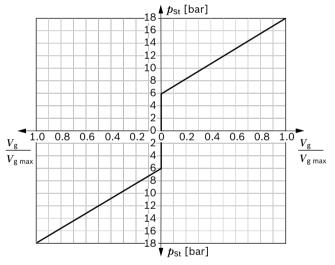
The output flow of the pump is infinitely variable between 0 and 100%, proportional to the difference in pilot pressure applied to the two pilot pressure ports  $(Y_1 \text{ and } Y_2)$ .

The pilot signal, coming from an external source, is a pressure signal. Flow is negligible, as the pilot signal acts only on the control spool of the control valve.

This control spool then directs control oil into and out of the stroking cylinder to adjust pump displacement as required.

A feedback lever connected to the stroking piston maintains the pump flow for any given pilot signal within the control range.

If the pump is also equipped with a DA control valve (see page 16), automotive operation is possible for travel drives.

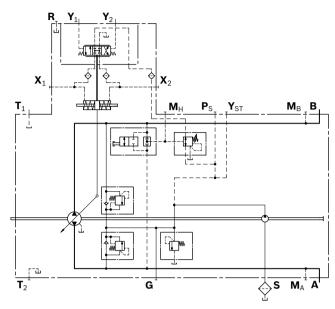


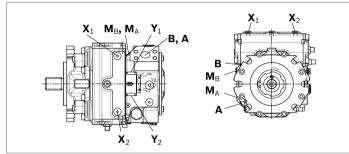
- ►  $V_{\rm g}$  = Displacement at  $p_{\rm St}$  $V_{\rm g \; max}$  = Displacement at  $p_{\rm St}$  = 18 bar
- ▶ Pilot signal  $p_{St}$  = 6 to 18 bar (at port  $\mathbf{Y}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{Y}_2$ )
- Start of control at 6 bar
- ► End of control at 18 bar (maximum displacement  $V_{g \text{ max}}$ )

#### **Notice**

In the neutral position, the HP control module must be vented to reservoir via the external pilot control device.

#### ▼ Circuit diagram, standard version





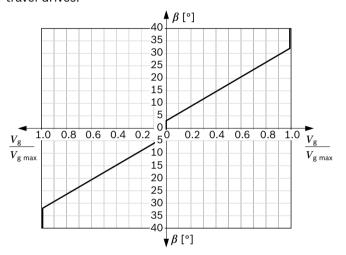
Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction						
Direction of rotation	clockwise counter-clockwise					
Pilot signal	<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>		
Control pressure	$X_1$	$\mathbf{X}_2$	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	$\mathbf{X}_2$		
Flow direction	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>	A to B	A to B	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>		
Working pressure	M <sub>A</sub>	$\mathbf{M}_{B}$	M <sub>B</sub>	$M_{A}$		

## HW - Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo

The output flow of the pump is infinitely variable between 0 and 100%, proportional to the swivel angle of the control lever.

A feedback lever connected to the stroking piston maintains the pump flow for any given position of the control lever.

If the pump is also equipped with a DA control valve (see page 16), automotive operation is possible for travel drives.



Swivel angle  ${\pmb \beta}$  at the control lever for pump displacement change:

- ► Start of control at  $\beta$  = ±3°
- ▶ End of control at  $\beta$  (maximum displacement  $V_{\rm g\,max}$ ) at ±32°
- ▶ Rotational limit  $\beta$  of the control lever (internal) ±38° The maximum required torque at the lever is 170 Ncm. To prevent damage to the HW control module, a positive mechanical stop of 36.5°±1 must be provided for the HW control lever on the customer side.

#### **Notice**

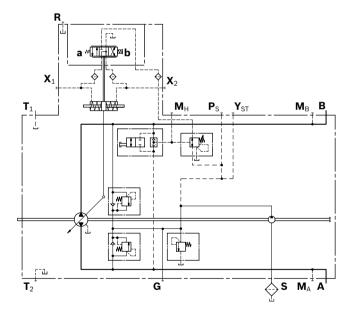
- Spring centering enables the pump, depending on pressure and speed, to move automatically to the neutral position (V<sub>g</sub> = 0) as soon as there is no longer any torque on the control lever of the HW control module.
- ► As standard delivery, the control lever is oriented toward the thru drive (see dimensions).
- If necessary, the position of the control lever can be changed. The procedure is defined in the instruction manual.
- ► The position of the control lever can deviate from the installation drawing.

#### **Option: Neutral position switch**

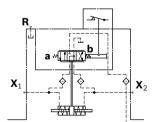
The switch contact in the neutral position switch is closed when the control lever on the HW control module is in its neutral position. The switch opens when the control lever is moved out of the central position in either direction. Thus, the neutral position switch provides a monitoring function for drive units that require the pump to be in the neutral position during certain operating conditions (e.g. starting diesel engines).

Technical data	
Load capacity	20 A (continuous), without switching operations
Switching capacity	15 A / 32 V (resistive load)
	4 A / 32 V (inductive load)
Connector version	DEUTSCH DT04-2P-EP04
	(mating connector, see page 61)

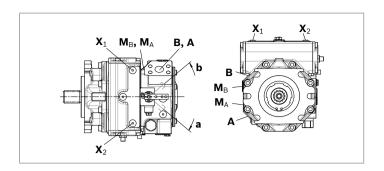
#### ▼ Circuit diagram, standard version



#### ▼ Circuit diagram, version with neutral position switch



## 14 **A4VG Series 40** | Axial piston variable pump HW – Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction							
Direction of rotation	clockwise counter-clockwise						
Lever direction	a	b	а	b			
Control pressure	$\mathbf{X}_1$	$\mathbf{X}_2$	$\mathbf{X}_1$	$\mathbf{X}_2$			
Flow direction	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>	A to B	A to B	B to A			
Working pressure	M <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>			

## HT - Hydraulic control, direct operated

With the direct operated hydraulic control, the output flow of the pump is controlled by a hydraulic control pressure, applied directly to the stroking piston through either port  $X_1$  or  $X_2$ .

Flow direction is determined by which control pressure port is pressurized (refer to table below).

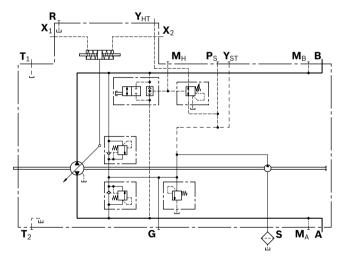
Pump displacement is infinitely variable and proportional to the applied control pressure, but is also influenced by system pressure and pump drive speed.

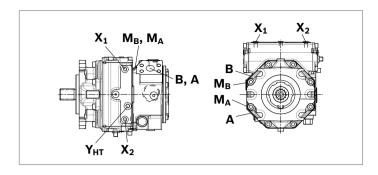
In order to use the optional built-in pressure cut-off, port  $\mathbf{Y}_{HT}$  must be used as the control pressure source for the selected control module. See page 52 for a functional description of the pressure cut-off.

Maximum permissible control pressure: 40 bar Use of the HT control requires a review of the engine and vehicle parameters to ensure that the pump is set up correctly. We recommend that all HT applications be reviewed by a Bosch Rexroth application engineer.

If the pump is also equipped with a DA control valve (see page 16), automotive operation is possible for travel drives.

## ▼ Circuit diagram





Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction						
Direction of rotation	clockwise counter-clockwise					
Control pressure	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>		
Flow direction	B to A	A to B	A to B	B to A		
Working pressure	M <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>		

## **DA - Automatic control, speed related**

The DA closed loop control is an engine speed-dependent system for travel drives. The built-in DA control valve generates a pilot pressure that is proportional to pump (engine) drive speed. This pilot pressure is directed to the stroking cylinder of the pump by an electromagnetically actuated 4/3-way directional valve. The pump displacement is infinitely variable in each flow direction and is influenced by both pump drive speed and system pressure. The flow direction (e.g. machine moving forward or backward) is determined by either solenoid **a** or **b** being activated. Increasing the pump drive speed generates a higher pilot pressure from the DA control valve, with a subsequent increase in pump flow.

Depending on the selected pump operating characteristics, increasing system pressure (e.g. machine load) causes the pump to swivel back towards a smaller displacement. An overload protection for the engine (against stalling) is achieved by combining this pressure-dependent reduction in pump stroke with a reduction in pilot pressure as the engine speed drops.

Any additional power requirement, e.g. for hydraulic functions from attachments, could cause the engine speed to drop further. This will cause a further reduction in pilot pressure and thus of the pump displacement. Automatic power distribution and full exploitation of the available power are achieved in this way, both for the travel drive and for the implement hydraulics, with priority given to the implement hydraulics.

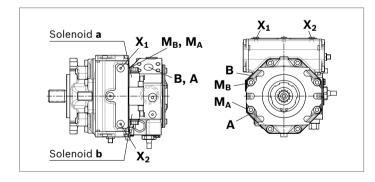
Various override options are available for DA control function to allow controlled operation of the implement hydraulics with high rpm at reduced travel speed.

The DA control valve can also be used in pumps with HP, HW, HT, DA and EP control modules to protect the combustion engine against overload.

#### **Notice**

- Our Sales department will provide you detailed information. Use our computer program to work out the input design that meets your needs. All DA applications must be approved by a Bosch Rexroth application engineer.
- ▶ DA closed loop control is only suitable for certain types of travel drive systems and requires review of the engine and vehicle parameters to ensure that the pump is used correctly and that machine operation is safe and efficient. We recommend that all DA applications be reviewed by a Bosch Rexroth application engineer.

Technical data, solenoid	DA1	DA2			
Voltage	12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)			
Neutral position $V_g = 0$	de-energized	de-energized			
Position $V_{g\;max}$	Current switched on	Current switched on			
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	21.7 Ω			
Nominal power	26.2 W	26.5 W			
Minimum active current required	1.32 A	0.67 A			
Duty cycle	100%	100%			
Type of protection: see connector version page 61					

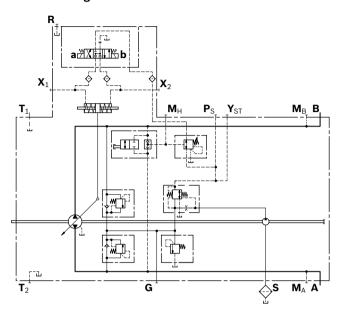


Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction						
Direction of rotation	clockwis	se	counter-c	er-clockwise		
Actuation of solenoid	a b		а	b		
Control pressure	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	$\mathbf{X}_1$	$\mathbf{X}_2$	$\mathbf{X}_1$		
Flow direction	A to B	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>	B to A	A to B		
Working pressure	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>		

#### DA..1 - DA control valve, fixed setting

Pilot pressure is generated in relation to drive speed.

#### ▼ Circuit diagram



# DA..5 - DA control valve, fixed setting and brake inch valve mounted

Only for pumps with DA control module.

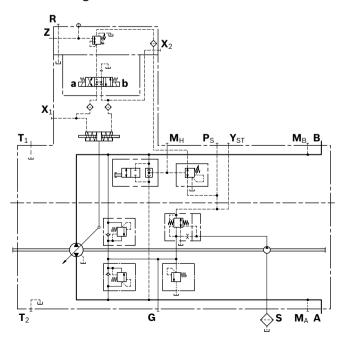
Version with pressure reducing valve.

Permits reduction of the pilot pressure, independently of the drive speed via hydraulic control (port **Z**).

Control at port  ${\bf Z}$  by means of brake fluid based on mineral oil.

Maximum permissible pilot pressure at port Z: 80 bar

#### ▼ Circuit diagram

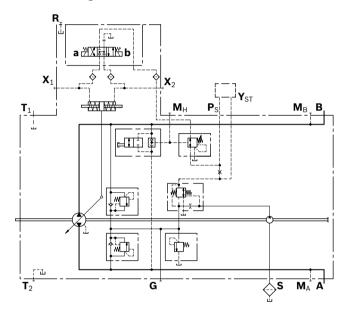


# DA..6 - DA control valve, fixed setting, ports for pilot control device as inch valve

Any reduction of the pilot pressure possible, independent of the drive speed is achieved by the mechanical actuation of the pilot control device.

The pilot control device is installed separately from the pump (for example in the driver's cabin) and connected to the pump by two hydraulic control lines via ports  $\mathbf{P}_S$  and  $\mathbf{Y}_{ST}$ . A suitable pilot control device must be ordered separately and is not included in the scope of delivery.

#### **▼** Circuit diagram



## **EP - Proportional control, electric**

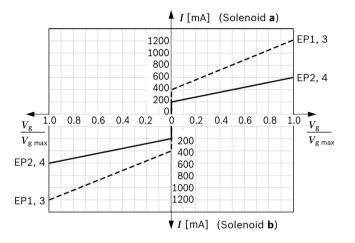
The output flow of the pump is infinitely variable between 0 and 100%, proportional to the electrical current supplied to solenoid **a** or **b**.

The electrical energy is converted into a force acting on the control spool.

This control spool then directs control oil into and out of the stroking cylinder to adjust pump displacement as required.

A feedback lever connected to the stroking piston maintains the pump flow for any given current within the control range.

If the pump is also equipped with a DA control valve (see page 16), automotive operation is possible for travel drives.



## **Notice**

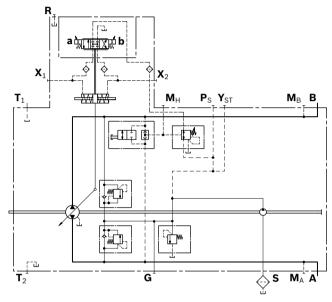
The proportional solenoids in version EP1/EP2 do not have manual override. Proportional solenoids with manual override and spring return are available on request (version EP3/EP4).

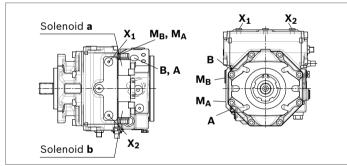
Technical data, solenoid	EP1, 3	EP2, 4			
Voltage	12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)			
Control current					
Start of control at $V_g$ = 0	400 mA	200 mA			
End of control at $V_{g\;max}$	1200 mA	600 mA			
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A			
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω			
Dither					
Frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz			
minimum oscillation range <sup>1)</sup>	240 mA	120 mA			
Duty cycle	100%	100%			
Type of protection: see connector version page 61					

Various BODAS controllers with application software and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids.

Further information can also be found on the Internet at www.boschrexroth.com/mobile-electronics

## ▼ Circuit diagram





Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction						
Direction of rotation	clockwise counter-clockwise					
Actuation of sole- noid	а	b	а	b		
Control pressure	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>		
Flow direction	B to A	A to B	A to B	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>		
Working pressure	M <sub>A</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>		

<sup>1)</sup> Minimum required oscillation range of the control current  $\Delta I_{\mathrm{p-p}}$  (peak to peak) within the respective control range (start of control to end of control)

 $X_1$ 

 $M_A$ 

B to A

Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction

clockwise

 $\mathbf{X}_2$ 

 $M_B$ 

A to B

Direction of rotation

Actuation of solenoid

Control pressure

Working pressure

Solenoid **b** 

Flow direction

counter-clockwise

 $X_1$ 

 $M_{\text{B}}$ 

A to B

 $\mathbf{X}_2$ 

 $M_A$ 

B to A

## EZ - Two-point control, electric

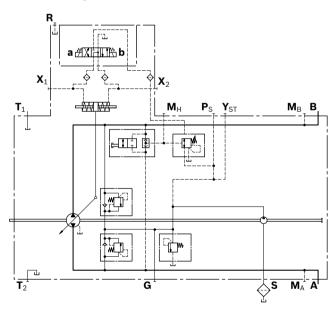
By actuating either switching solenoid **a** or **b**, internal control pressure is applied directly to the stroking piston and the pump swivels to maximum displacement. The EZ control enables pump flow to be switched between  $V_{\rm g}$  = 0 and  $V_{\rm g\,max}$ .

Flow direction is determined by which solenoid is energized.

Technical data, solenoid	EZ1	EZ2			
Voltage	12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)			
Neutral position $V_g$ = 0	de-energized	de-energized			
Position $V_{g\;max}$	Current switched on	Current switched on			
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	21.7 Ω			
Nominal power	26.2 W	26.5 W			
Minimum active current required	1.32 A	0.67 A			
Duty cycle	100%	100%			
Type of protection: see connector version page 61					

Solenoid <b>a</b>	X <sub>1</sub> M <sub>B</sub> , M <sub>A</sub>	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>2</sub>
	В, А	B M <sub>B</sub>	
		M <sub>B</sub>	

## **▼** Circuit diagram



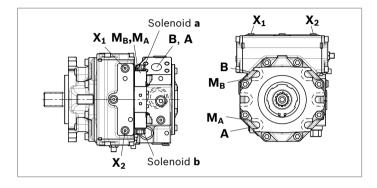
RE 92004/09.2017, Bosch Rexroth AG

## ET - Electric control, direct operated

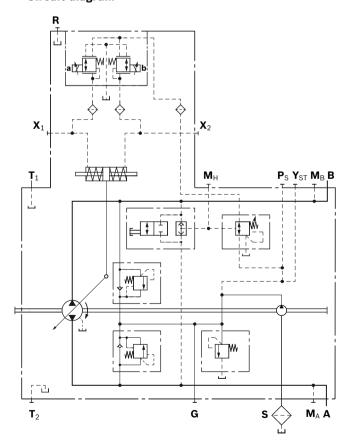
The output flow of the pump is infinitely variable between 0 and 100%. Depending on the preselected current I at solenoids  $\bf a$  and  $\bf b$  of the pressure reducing valves, the stroking cylinder of the pump is proportionally supplied with control pressure. The pump displacement that arises at a certain control current is dependent on the speed and working pressure of the pump. A different flow direction is associated with each pressure reducing valve. Maximum permissible control pressure: 40 bar.

· ·					
Technical data, solenoid	ET5	ET6			
Voltage	12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)			
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A			
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω			
Dither					
Frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz			
minimum oscillation range <sup>1)</sup>	240 mA	120 mA			
Duty cycle 100% 100%					
Type of protection: see connector version page 61					

Correlation of direction of rotation, control and flow direction						
Direction of rotation	clockwise counter-clockwise					
Actuation of sole- noid	а	b	а	b		
Control pressure	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	$\mathbf{X}_2$		
(in $X_3$ , $X_4$ optional)	<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub>	$\mathbf{X}_4$	<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub>	$\mathbf{X}_4$		
Flow direction	B to A	A to B	A to B	<b>B</b> to <b>A</b>		
Working pressure	M <sub>A</sub>	$M_{B}$	M <sub>B</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>		



#### **▼** Circuit diagram

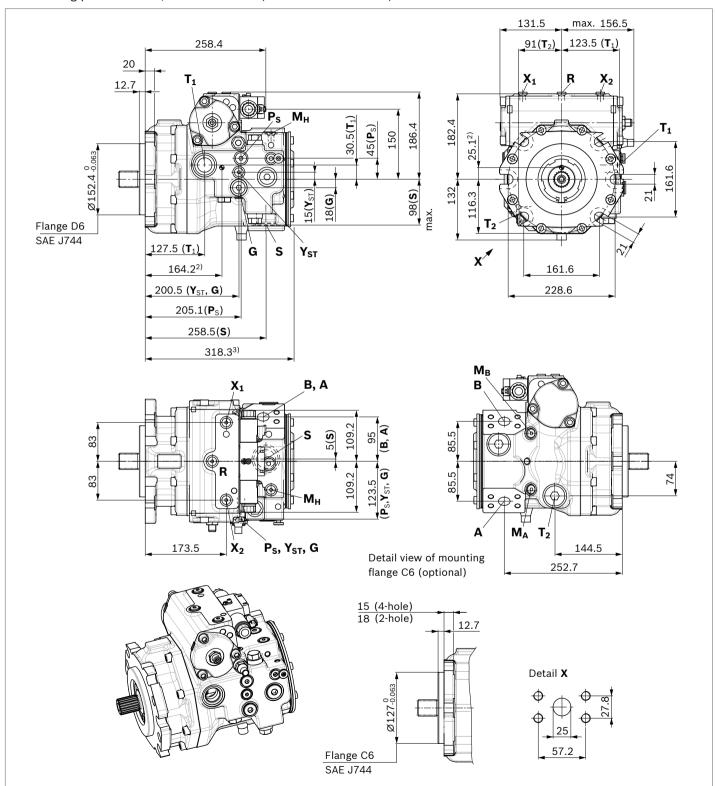


<sup>1)</sup> Minimum required oscillation range of the control current  $\Delta I_{\rm p-p}$  (peak to peak) within the respective control range (start of control to end of control)

## Dimensions, size 110

## EP - Proportional control, electric

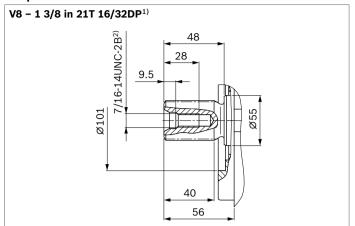
SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)



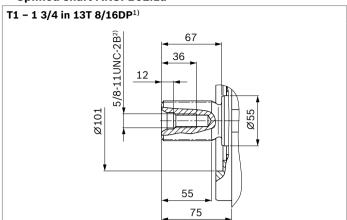
- $_{\rm 1)}$  For SAE working ports  ${\bf A}$  and  ${\bf B},$   $45^{\rm o}$  right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.
- 2) Center of gravity

3) Valid for version with standard internal gear pump, overall length without boost pump and with large internal gear pump, see through drive, page 45

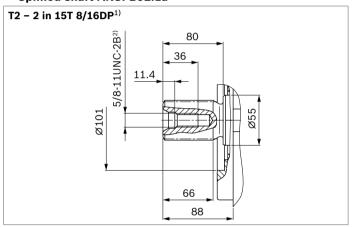
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a-1976



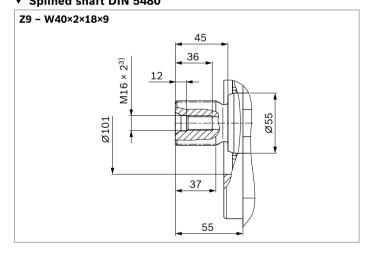
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



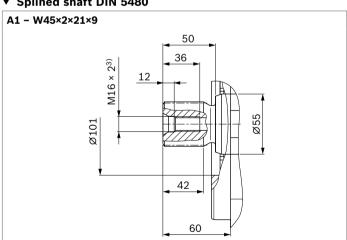
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



<sup>1)</sup> Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

<sup>2)</sup> Thread according to ASME B1.1

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
A, B	Working port	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup>	1 in	500	0
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 17 deep		
S	Suction port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	5	O <sup>6)</sup>
T <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M33 × 2; 19 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
T <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M33 × 2; 19 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9</sup> )	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
M <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

<sup>5)</sup> Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

<sup>7)</sup> Depending on installation position,  ${\bf T_1}$  or  ${\bf T_2}$  must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

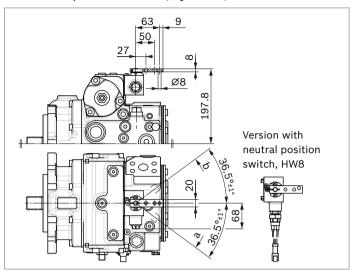
<sup>8)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

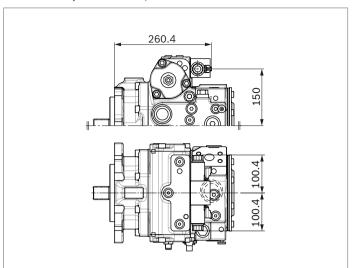
<sup>10)</sup> O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

## Dimensions, size 110

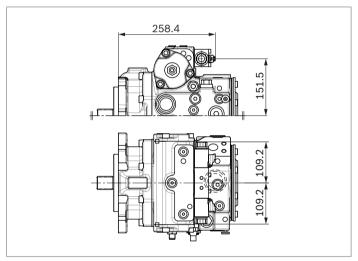
## ▼ **HW** – Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



▼ **EZ** – Two-point control, electric

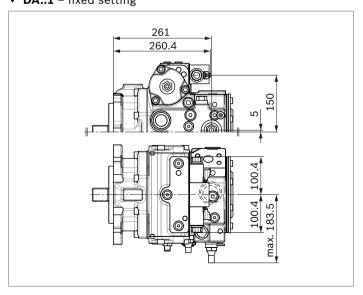


▼ ET - Electric control, direct operated, two DRE

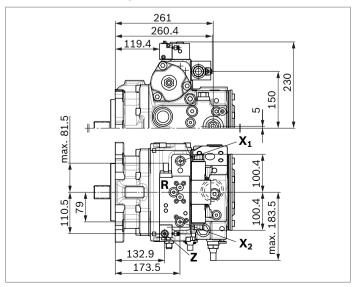


#### **DA** control valve

## ▼ DA..1 - fixed setting



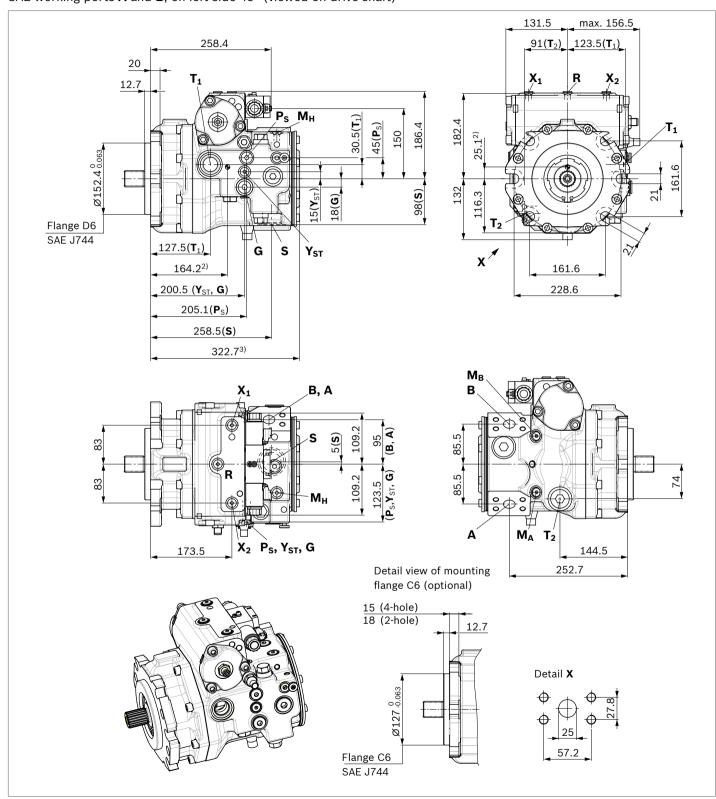
▼ DA..5 - fixed setting and inch valve mounted



## Dimensions, size 125

## EP - Proportional control, electric

SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)

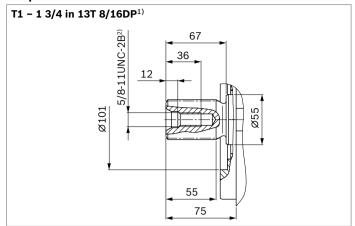


 $_{\rm 1)}$  For SAE working ports  ${\bf A}$  and  ${\bf B},\,45^{\rm o}$  right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.

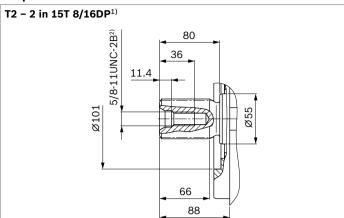
3) Valid for version with standard internal gear pump, overall length without boost pump see through drive, page 45

<sup>2)</sup> Center of gravity

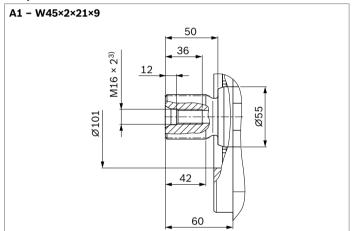
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

<sup>2)</sup> Thread according to ASME B1.1

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
A, B	Working port	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup>	1 in	500	0
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 17 deep		
s	Suction port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	5	O <sup>6)</sup>
T <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M33 × 2; 19 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M33 × 2; 19 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	Χ
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Χ
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9)</sup>	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	Χ
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	Χ
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
M <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

<sup>5)</sup> Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

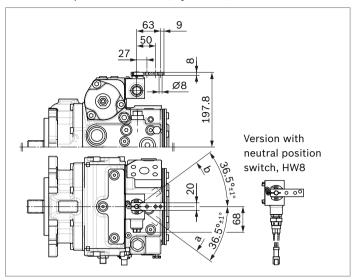
Depending on installation position, T<sub>1</sub> or T<sub>2</sub> must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

<sup>8)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

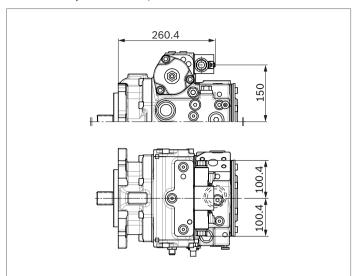
<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

<sup>10)</sup> O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

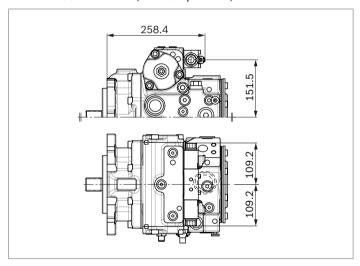
## ▼ **HW** – Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



## ▼ **EZ** – Two-point control, electric

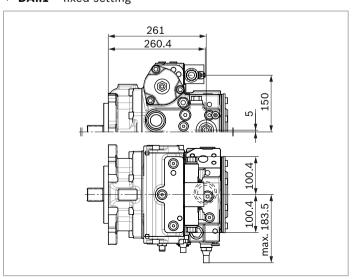


## ▼ ET - Electric control, direct operated, two DRE



## **DA** control valve

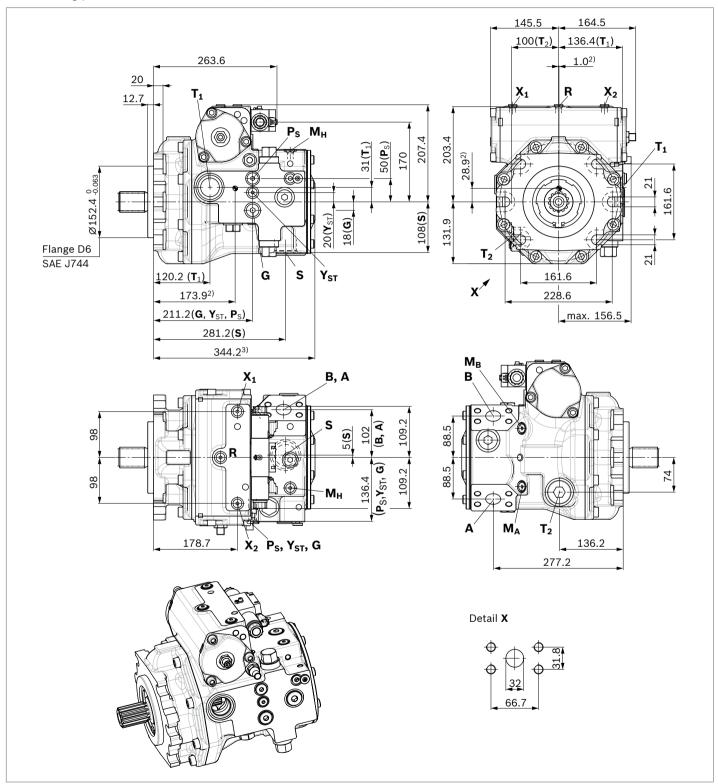
## ▼ DA..1 - fixed setting



## Dimensions, size 145

## EP - Proportional control, electric

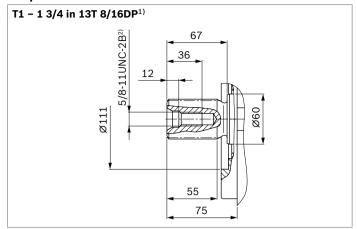
SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)



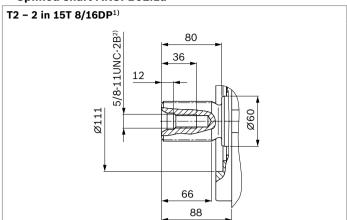
- 1) For SAE working ports **A** and **B**, 45° right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.
- 2) Center of gravity

3) Valid for version without boost pump and for standard internal gear pump, overall length with large internal gear pump, see through drive, page 45.

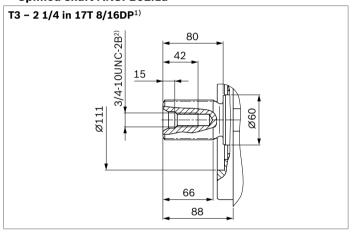
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



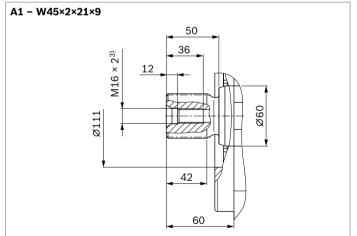
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



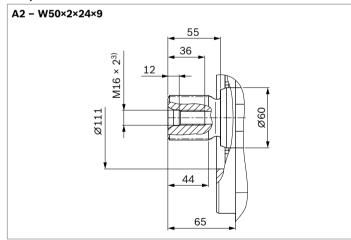
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

 $_{\rm 2)}\,$  Thread according to ASME B1.1

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
A, B	Working port	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup>	1 1/4 in	500	0
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M14 × 2; 19 deep		
S	Suction port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M48 × 2; 22 deep	5	O <sup>6)</sup>
T <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
T <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	X
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice, HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9)</sup>	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	X
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>HT</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
<b>M</b> <sub>A</sub> , <b>M</b> <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>	Pilot pressure port (pilot signal HP only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

 $_{5)}$  Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

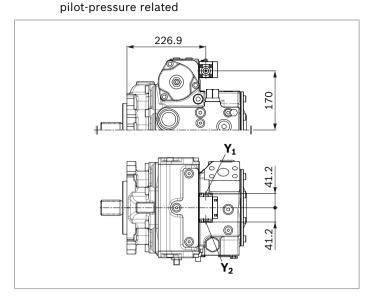
<sup>7)</sup> Depending on installation position,  ${\bf T_1}$  or  ${\bf T_2}$  must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

<sup>8)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

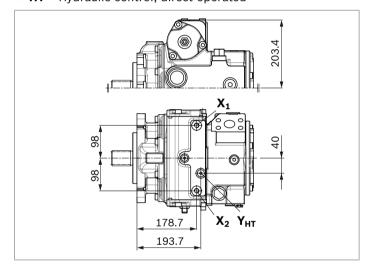
<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

<sup>10)</sup> O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

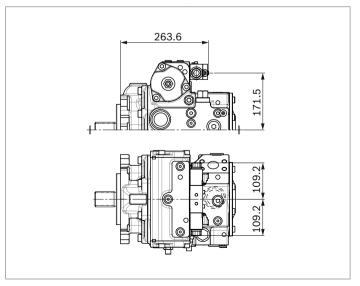
## ▼ **HP** – Proportional control, hydraulic,



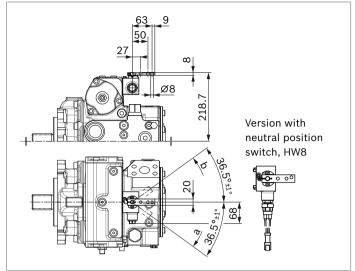
▼ HT - Hydraulic control, direct operated



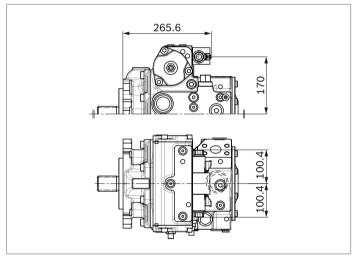
▼ ET - Electric control, direct operated, two DRE



▼ HW - Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



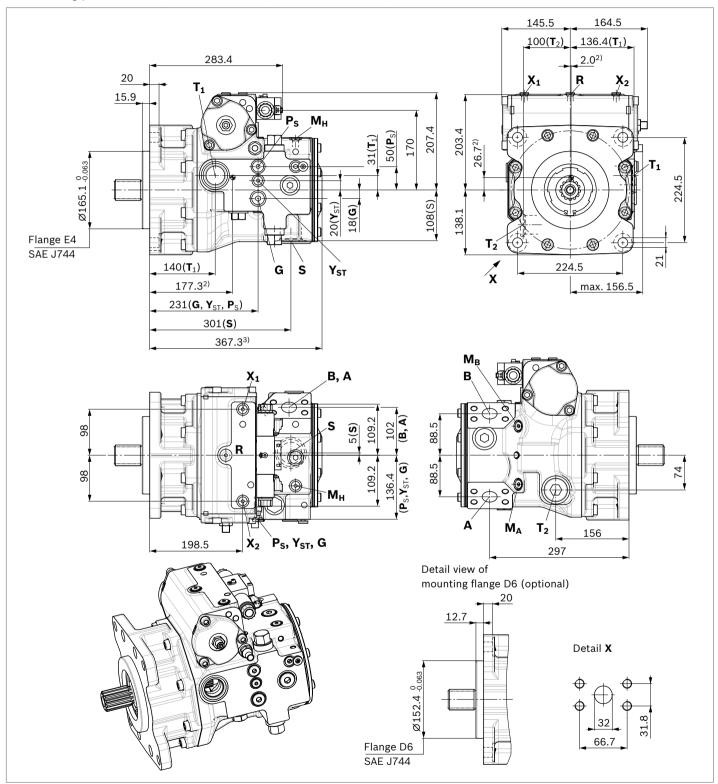
▼ **EZ** – Two-point control, electric



## Dimensions, size 175

## EP - Proportional control, electric

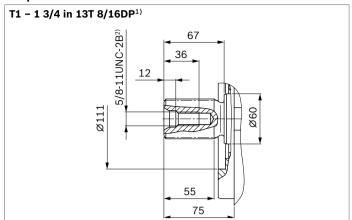
SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)



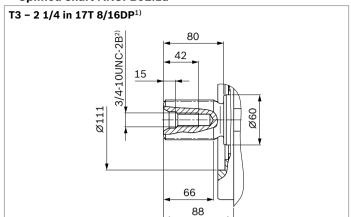
- 1) For SAE working ports **A** and **B**, 45° right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.
- 2) Center of gravity

3) Valid for version with standard internal gear pump, overall length without boost pump and with large internal gear pump, see through drive, page 45.

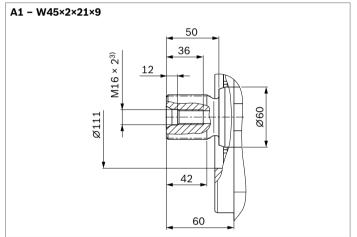
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



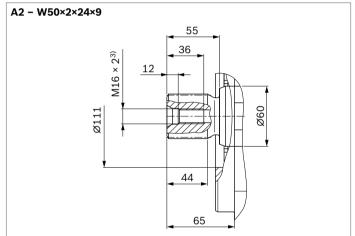
## ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



## ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



 $_{\rm 1)}$  Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

 $_{\rm 2)}\,$  Thread according to ASME B1.1

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
А, В	Working port Fastening thread	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup> DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 × 2; 19 deep	500	0
S	Suction port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M48 × 2; 22 deep	5	O <sup>6)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice, HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9)</sup>	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>HT</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
M <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>	Pilot pressure port (pilot signal HP only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

 $_{5)}$  Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

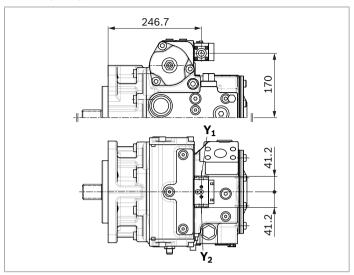
<sup>7)</sup> Depending on installation position,  ${\bf T_1}$  or  ${\bf T_2}$  must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

 $<sup>{\</sup>bf 8)}$  The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

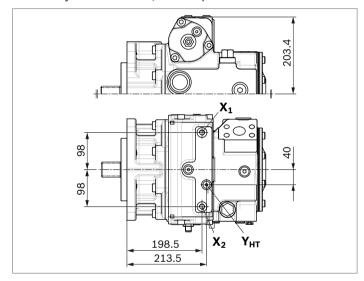
<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

<sup>10)</sup> O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)X = Plugged (in normal operation)

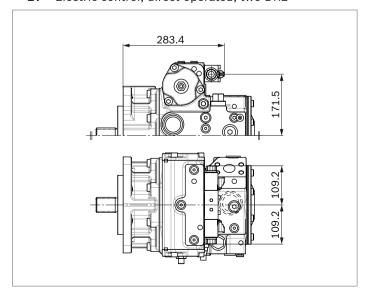
## ▼ **HP** – Proportional control, hydraulic, pilot-pressure related



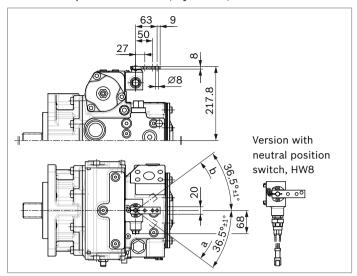
## ▼ HT - Hydraulic control, direct operated



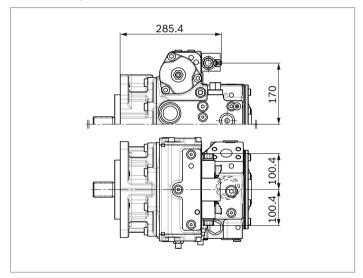
▼ ET - Electric control, direct operated, two DRE



▼ HW - Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



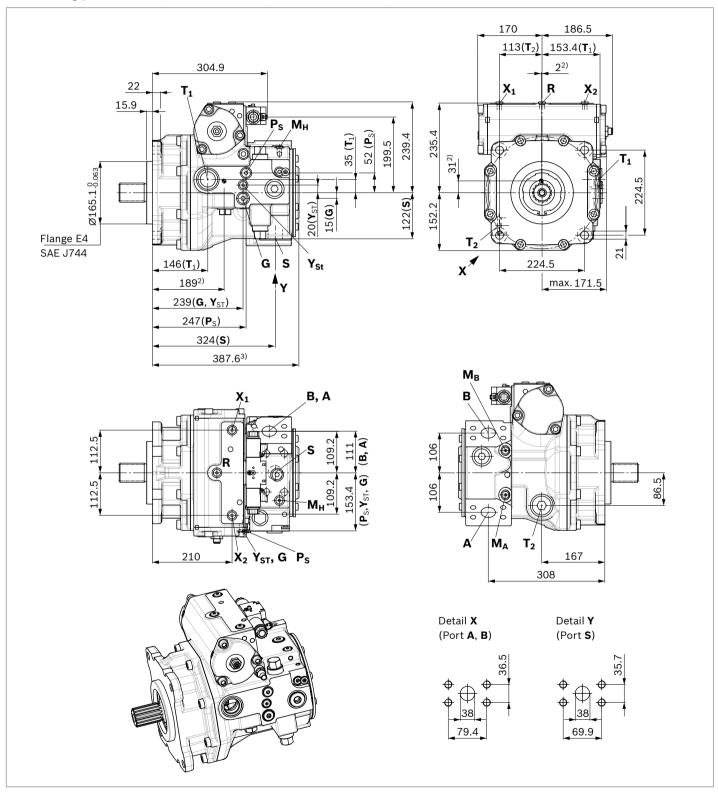
▼ **EZ** – Two-point control, electric



# Dimensions, size 210

#### EP - Proportional control, electric

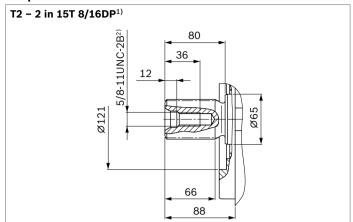
SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)



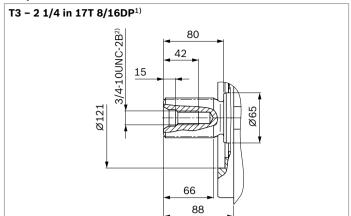
- $_{\rm 1)}$  For SAE working ports  ${\bf A}$  and  ${\bf B},\,45^{\rm o}$  right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.
- 2) Center of gravity

3) Valid for version without boost pump and for standard internal gear pump, overall length with large internal gear pump, see through drive, page 45.

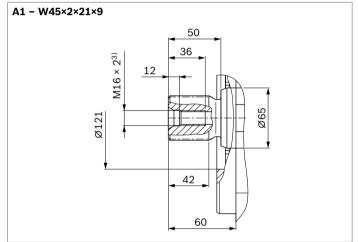
#### ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



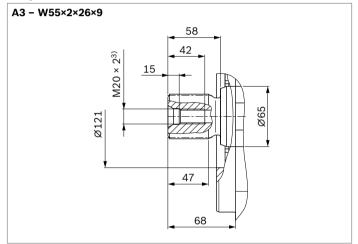
# ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



#### ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



#### ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

 $_{\rm 2)}\,$  Thread according to ASME B1.1  $\,$ 

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
A, B	Working port Fastening thread	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup> DIN 13	1 1/2 in M16 × 2; 21 deep	500	0
S	Suction port Fastening thread	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup> DIN 13	1 1/2 in M12 × 1.75; 20 deep	5	O <sup>6)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice, HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9)</sup>	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	Х
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
M <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>	Pilot pressure port (pilot signal HP only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

<sup>5)</sup> Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

<sup>7)</sup> Depending on installation position,  $T_1$  or  $T_2$  must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

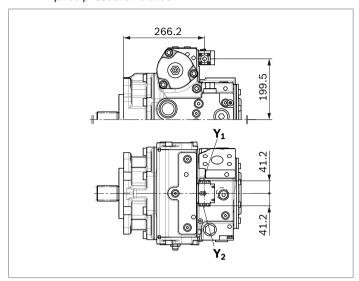
<sup>8)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

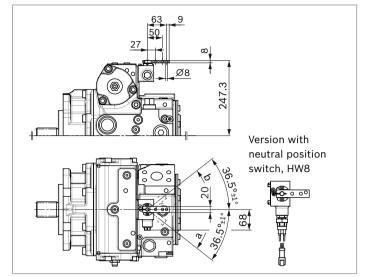
 $_{10)}$  O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)

X = Plugged (in normal operation)

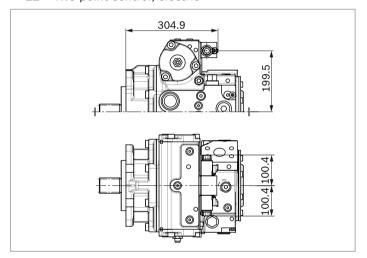
# ▼ **HP** – Proportional control, hydraulic, pilot-pressure related



▼ HW - Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



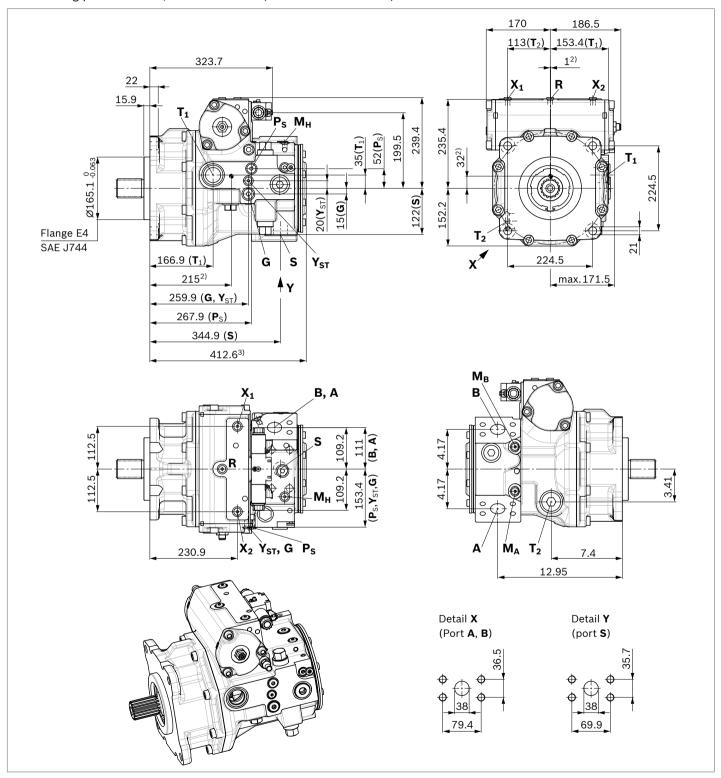
# ▼ EZ - Two-point control, electric



# Dimensions, size 280

#### EP - Proportional control, electric

SAE working ports A and B, on left side 45° (viewed on drive shaft)1)

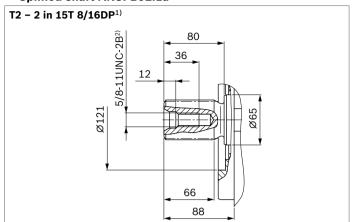


- 1) For SAE working ports **A** and **B**, 45° right (viewed on drive shaft), the complete case and thus the dimensions are mirrored.
- 2) Center of gravity

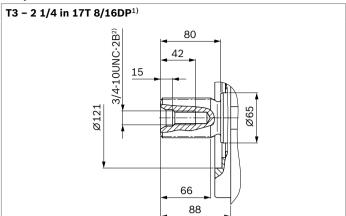
3) Valid for version with standard internal gear pump, overall length without boost pump see through drive, page 45.

# 42

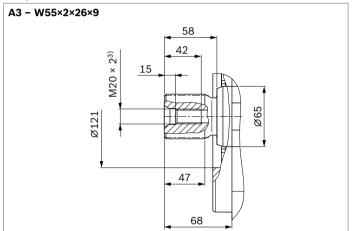
# ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



# ▼ Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a



#### ▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480



Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

 $_{\rm 2)}\,$  Thread according to ASME B1.1

<sup>3)</sup> Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)

Ports		Standard	Size	<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> [bar] <sup>4)</sup>	State <sup>10)</sup>
A, B	Working port	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup>	1 1/2 in	500	0
	Fastening thread	DIN 13	M16 × 2; 21 deep		
S	Suction port fastening thread	SAEJ518 <sup>5)</sup>	1 1/2 in	5	O <sub>6</sub> )
		DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 20 deep		
T <sub>1</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	O <sup>7)</sup>
<b>T</b> <sub>2</sub>	Drain port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M42 × 2; 19.5 deep	3	X <sup>7)</sup>
R	Air bleed port	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	3	X
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	Х
<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	Control pressure port (upstream of orifice, HT only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>9)</sup>	Stroking chamber pressure port ISO 61498) M1		M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	X
G	Boost pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M22 × 1.5; 15.5 deep	40	X
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	X
Ps	Pilot pressure port inlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 deep	40	0
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	X
Y <sub>ST</sub>	Pilot pressure port outlet (DA6 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
M <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>B</sub>	Measuring port pressure A, B	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
M <sub>H</sub>	Measuring port, high pressure	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	500	Х
<b>Y</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>Y</b> <sub>2</sub>	Pilot pressure port (pilot signal HP only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	0
Z	Pilot pressure port (inch signal DA5 only)	ISO 6149 <sup>8)</sup>	M10 × 1; 8 deep	80	0

<sup>4)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

 $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 5)}}$  Only dimensions according to SAE J518, metric fastening thread is a deviation from the standard.

<sup>6)</sup> Plugged for external boost pressure supply.

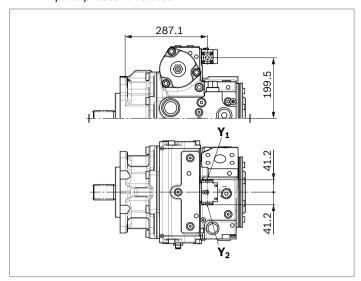
<sup>7)</sup> Depending on installation position,  ${\bf T_1}$  or  ${\bf T_2}$  must be connected (see also installation instructions on page 64).

<sup>8)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

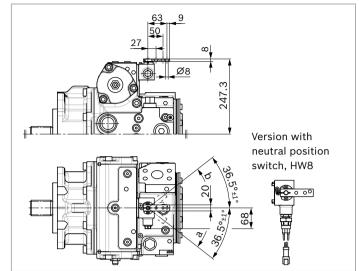
<sup>9)</sup> Optional, see page 55

<sup>10)</sup> O = Must be connected (plugged when delivered)X = Plugged (in normal operation)

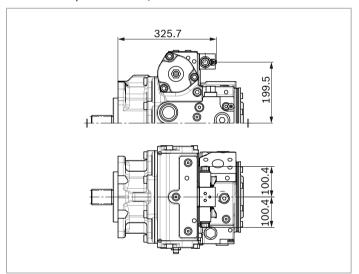
# ▼ **HP** – Proportional control, hydraulic, pilot-pressure related



▼ HW - Proportional control, hydraulic, mechanical servo



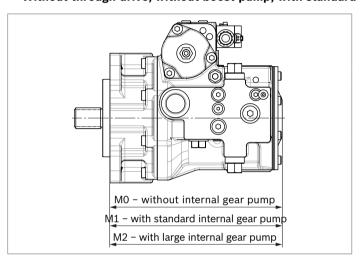
# ▼ **EZ** – Two-point control, electric



# Dimensions, through drive

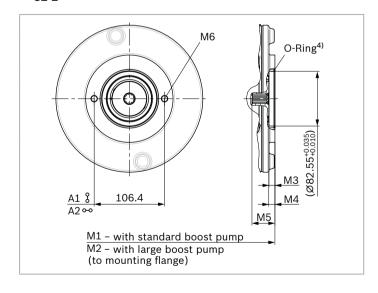
Flange SAE	J744 <sup>1)</sup>		Hub for	Hub for splined shaft <sup>2)</sup>									
Diameter	Mounting <sup>3)</sup>	Code	Diamete	er	Code	110	125	145	175	210	280		
Without thro	ugh drive					•	•	•	•	•	•	0000	
82-2 (A)	8	A1	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	S2	•	_	•	•	_	0	A1S2	
		A1	3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	S3	•	_	•	•	•	•	A1S3	
	0-0	A2	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	S2	•	•	•	•	0	•	A2S2	
		A2	3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	S3	•	-	•	•	•	•	A2S3	

# ▼ Without through drive, without boost pump, with standard boost pump or with large boost pump



NG	МО	M1	M2
110	314.3	318.3	322.7
125	314.3	322.7	-
145	344.2	344.2	347.5
175	363.8	367.3	370.1
210	387.6	387.6	392.7
280	407.3	412.6	-

#### ▼ 82-2



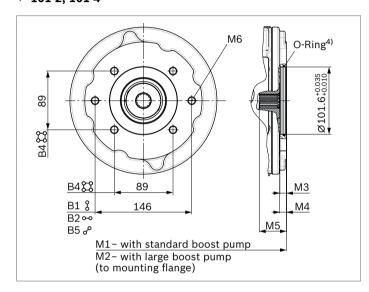
110     324.3     328.3     9     9.4     34.6     M10 × 1.5;       125     328.3     -     9     10     35     13 deep
<b>125</b> 328.3 - 9 10 35 13 deep
<b>145</b> 346.2 349.5 9 9.3 34.7
<b>175</b> 369.3 372.1 9 9.1 33.4
<b>210</b> 389.6 394.7 9 7.3 33
<b>280</b> 415.6 - 9.7 9.4 34.1

- 1) The through-drive shaft is only supplied with the fastening thread corresponding to the ordering code designation.
- $_{\rm 2)}$  Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 3) Mounting hole pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
- 4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
- $_{5)}$  Thread according to DIN 13

1	A
4	U

Flange SAE J	1744 <sup>1)</sup>		Hub for splined shaft <sup>2)</sup>										
Diameter	Mounting <sup>3)</sup>	Code	Diameter		Code	110	125	145	175	210	280		
101-2 (B)		B1	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	•	•	•	•	•	•	B1S4	
		B1	1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	•	-	•	•	•	•	B1S5	
	0-0	B2	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	•	•	•	•	•	•	B2S4	
		B2	1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	•	_	•	•	0	0	B2S5	
	go	B5	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	•	-	•	0	0	0	B5S4	
		B5	1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	0	-	•	0	•	•	B5S5	
101-4 (B)	<b>;;</b>	B4	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	0	-	•	0	•	0	B4S4	
		B4	1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	•	_	•	0	0	0	B4S5	

# **▼** 101-2, 101-4



NG	M1	M2	М3	M4	M5	M6 <sup>5)</sup>
110	327.3	331.2	10	10.9	48.9	M12 × 1.75; 16 deep
125	331.2	-	10	11	48	_
145	349.2	352.5	10	10.3	40.3	_
175	372.3	375.1	10	10.3	40.3	_
210	392.6	397.7	10	9.8	45.8	M12 × 1.75; 13 deep
280	418.6	_	10	10.5	48.5	M12 × 1.75; 16 deep

<sup>1)</sup> The through-drive shaft is only supplied with the fastening thread corresponding to the ordering code designation.

 $_{\rm 2)}$  Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

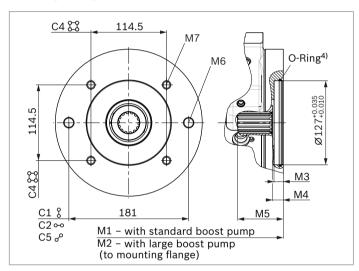
<sup>3)</sup> Mounting hole pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

<sup>4)</sup> O-ring included in the scope of delivery

<sup>5)</sup> Thread according to DIN 13

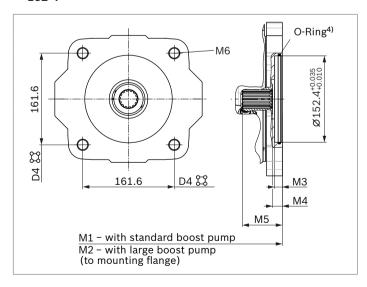
Flange SAE J	J744 <sup>1)</sup>		Hub for	Hub for splined shaft <sup>2)</sup>										
Diameter	Mounting <sup>3)</sup>	Code	Diameter		Code	110	125	145	175	210	280			
127-2 (C)	8	C1	1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	S5 <b>-</b>	-	0	-	-	-	C1S5		
		C1	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	•	-	•	0	0	0	C1S7		
	0-0	C2	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	•	•	•	•	•	•	C2S7		
		C2	1 3/8 in	21T 16/32DP	V8	0	_	•	•	_	-	C2V8		
		C2	1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	-	_	•	•	-	-	C2T1		
	80	C5	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	•	-	•	0	0	0	C5S7		
127-4 (C)	<b>;</b> ;	C4	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	•	_	•	•	0	•	C4S7		
		C4	1 3/8 in	21T 16/32DP	V8	•	•	_	-	_	-	C4V8		
152-4 (D)	\$3	D4	1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	-	-	•	•	•	•	D4T1		

#### **▼** 127-2, 127-2/4



NG	M1	M2	М3	M4	M5	M6 <sup>5)</sup> 2-hole	M7 <sup>5)</sup> 4-hole
110	333.3	337.3	14	16.9	54.9	M16 × 2;	M12 × 1.75;
125	On red	luest	14	10.9	59.9	21 deep	16 deep
145	355.2	358.5	14	16.3	63.3		M12 × 1.75;
175	378.3	381.1	14	16.3	61.3	21 deep	19 deep
210	403.7	408.8	27	14.2	56.4	_	
280	424.6	-	27	14.4	58.6		

#### ▼ 152-4

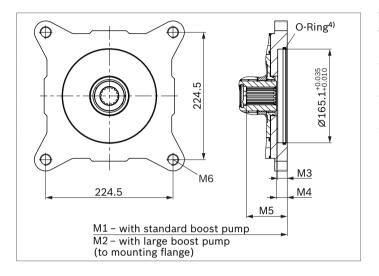


NG	M1	M2	М3	M4	M5	M6 <sup>5)</sup>
145	356.2	359.5	14	10	74.4	M20 × 2.5;
175	379.3	382.1	14	17.8	76.3	22 deep
210	411.6	416.7	26	14.3	78.8	
280	432.5	_	26	14.5	84	

- 1) The through-drive shaft is only supplied with the fastening thread corresponding to the ordering code designation.
- 2) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 3) Mounting hole pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
- 4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
- 5) Thread according to DIN 13

Flange SAE J744 <sup>1)</sup> Hub for splined shaft <sup>2)</sup>												
Diameter	Mounting <sup>3)</sup>	Code	Diamete	r	Code	110	125	145	175	210	280	
165-4 (E)	X	E4	1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	_	_	-	•	•	-	E4T1
			2 in	15T 8/16DP	T2	-	-	-	-	•	•	E4T2

# ▼ 165-4



NG	M1	M2	М3	M4	M5	M6 <sup>5)</sup>
175	381	383.8	17	19.4	77.9	M20 × 2.5; 22 deep
210	407.3	412.4	On request			M20 × 2.5; 27 deep
280	447.3	_	On request			M20 × 2.5; 22 deep

<sup>1)</sup> The through-drive shaft is only supplied with the fastening thread corresponding to the ordering code designation.

<sup>2)</sup> Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

<sup>3)</sup> Mounting hole pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

<sup>4)</sup> O-ring included in the scope of delivery

<sup>5)</sup> Thread according to DIN 13

# **Overview of mounting options**

Through drive <sup>1)</sup>			Mounting option – 2nd pump							
Flange	Hub for splined shaft	Code	A4VG/40 NG (shaft)	A4VG/32 NG (shaft)	A10VG NG (shaft)	A10VO/3x NG (shaft)	A10V(S)O/5x NG (shaft)	A11VO/1 NG (shaft)	External gear pump <sup>2)</sup>	
82-2 (A)	5/8 in	A_S2	_	-	-	18 (U)	10, 18 (U)	-	AZPF, AZPS NG4 28 AZPW NG5 22	
	3/4 in	A_S3	+	-	_	18 (S)	10, 18 (S)	-	AZPF NG4 28 <sup>3)</sup>	
101-2 (B)	7/8 in	B_\$4	_	-	18 (S)	28 (S) 45 (U)	28 (S) 45 (U)	-	AZPN-11 NG20 25 AZPG-22 NG28 100	
	1 in	B_S5	+	28 (S)	28, 45 (S)	45 (S)	45 (S) 60, 63, 72 (U)	40 (S)	-	
101-4 (B)	7/8 in	B4S4	-	_	_	-	-	-		
	1 in	B4S5	-	-	-	-	-	-		
127-2 (C)	1 in	C1S5	_	40 (U)	-	71 (U)	-	-	_	
	1 1/4 in	C_S7	-	40, 56, 71 (S)	63 (S)	71 (S) 100 (U)	85, 100 (U)	60 (S)	-	
	1 3/8 in	C2V8	110 (V8)	56, 71 (T)	63 (T)	-	-	60 (T)		
	1 3/4 in	C2T1	110, 125 (T1)	-	_	_	-	_		
127-4 (C)	1 1/4 in	C4S7	-	-	-	-	60, 63, 72 (S) 85, 100 (U)	-		
	1 3/8 in	C4V8	110 (V8)	-	_	-	-	_		
152-4 (D)	1 3/4 in	D4T1	110, 125, 145, 175 (T1)	90, 125 (S)	-	140, 180 (S)	-	95, 130, 145 (S)	-	
165-4 (E)	1 3/4 in	E4T1	175 (T1)	180 (S)	-	_	-	190, 260 (S)	-	
	2 in	E4T2	210, 280 (T2)	_	_	-	-	190 (T)		

# Notice

The mounting options listed only apply for drive shaft versions with undercut. Please contact us for drive shafts without undercut.

<sup>1)</sup> Availability of the individual sizes, see type code on page 4.

<sup>2)</sup> Bosch Rexroth recommends special versions of the gear pumps. Please contact us.

<sup>3)</sup> On request

# Combination pumps A4VG + A4VG

#### Total length A<sup>1)</sup> with standard mounting flange

A4VG	A4VG 2nd pump	) <sup>2)</sup>				
1st pump	NG110	NG125	NG145	NG175	NG210	NG280
NG110	652.6	_	_	-	_	_
NG125	On request	On request	_	-	_	_
NG145	674.5	On request	700.4	-	_	_
NG175	697.6	On request	723.5	748.3	_	_
NG210	729.9	On request	755.8	On request	807.9	_
NG280	755.9	On request	781.8	On request	On request	On request

By using combination pumps, it is possible to have independent circuits without the need for splitter gearboxes. When ordering combination pumps, the type designations of the 1st and 2nd pumps must be linked by a "+". Order example:

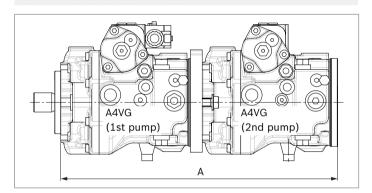
# A4VG145EP1DP000/40MRNC6S71FC2S7AS00-0 + A4VG110EP1DP000/40MRNC2S71F0000AS00-0

A tandem pump, with two pumps of equal size, is permissible without additional supports, assuming that the dynamic acceleration does not exceed maximum  $10 g = 98.1 \text{ m/s}^2$ .

We recommend using the 4-hole mounting flanges. For combination pumps consisting of more than two pumps, the mounting flange must be rated for the permissible moment of inertia, please contact us.

#### **Notice**

The combination pump type code is shown in shortened form in the order confirmation.



<sup>1)</sup> Overall length is valid for standard mounting flange and integrated boost pump.

<sup>2) 2</sup>nd pump without through drive and with boost pump, F0000/V0000

# **High-pressure relief valves**

The two high-pressure relief valves protect the hydrostatic transmission (pump and motor) from overloading. They limit the maximum pressure in the respective high-pressure line and serve simultaneously as boost valves.

High-pressure relief valves are not working valves and are only suitable for pressure peaks or high rates of pressure change.

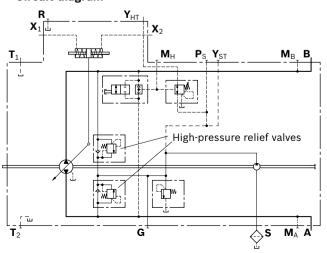
#### **Setting ranges**

High-pressure relief valve A and B	Differential pressure setting $\Delta p_{HD}$
Preferred values	400 bar
	410 bar
	420 bar
	430 bar
	440 bar
	450 bar
	460 bar
	470 bar
Optional values	300 bar
	320 bar
	340 bar
	360 bar
	380 bar

Settings on high-pressure relief valve A and B					
Differential pressure setting	$\Delta p_{\text{HD}}$ = bar				
Cracking pressure of the HD valve (at $q_{ m V 1}$ )	$p_{\text{max}}$ = bar				
$(p_{max} = \Delta p_{HD} + p_{Sp})$					

- ▶ The valve settings are made at n = 1000 rpm and at  $V_{\rm g \ max}$   $(q_{\rm v \ 1})$ . There may be deviations in the cracking pressures with other operating parameters.
- ► When ordering, state differential pressure setting in plain text.

#### **▼** Circuit diagram

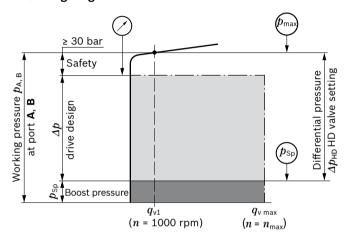


#### High-pressure relief valve without pressure cut-off

#### **▼** Example

Working		Boost		Differential	
pressure		pressure		pressure	
$p_{A,B}$		$p_{Sp}$		$\Delta p_{HD}$	
450 bar	-	20 bar	=	430 bar	

# **▼** Setting diagram

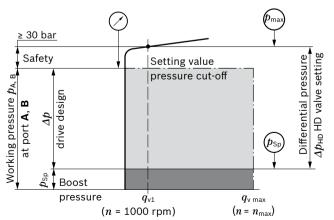


#### High-pressure relief valve with pressure cut-off

#### **▼** Example

Working pressure			Safety			Differential pressure	
$p_{A,B}$		$p_{Sp}$				$\Delta p_{HD}$	
450 bar	-	20 bar	+	30 bar	=	460 bar	

# **▼** Setting diagram



#### **Pressure cut-off**

The pressure cut-off is a pressure control which, after reaching the set pressure, adjusts the displacement of the pump back to  $V_{\rm g\,min}$ .

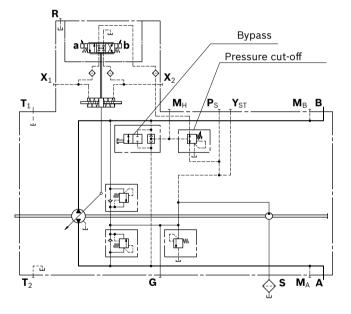
This valve prevents the operation of the high-pressure relief valves when accelerating or decelerating.

The high-pressure relief valves protect against the pressure peaks which occur during fast swiveling of the swashplate and limit the maximum pressure in the system.

The setting range of the pressure cut-off may be anywhere within the entire working pressure range. However, it must be set 30 bar lower than the setting value of the high-pressure relief valves (see setting diagram, page 51).

Please state the setting value of the pressure cut-off in plain text when ordering.

#### ▼ Circuit diagram with pressure cut-off Example: electric control, EP D



# **Bypass function**

A connection between the two high-pressure channels **A** and **B** can be established using the bypass valve (e.g. for machine towing).

#### **Towing speed**

The maximum towing speed is dependent on the gear ratio in the vehicle and must be calculated by the vehicle manufacturer. The corresponding flow of  $q_{\rm V}$  = 30 l/min may not be exceeded.

#### **Towing distance**

The vehicle may only be towed out of the immediate danger zone.

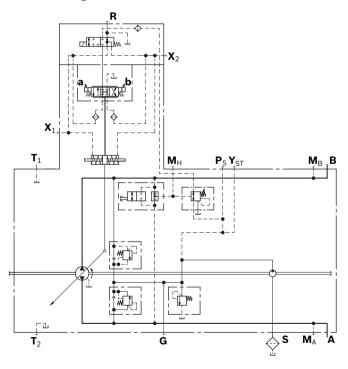
#### **Neutral valve**

Actuation of the switching solenoid enables pilot pressure through-flow into the control device of the pump. The pump can be swiveled out. When the solenoid is de-energized, this connection is interrupted and simultaneously the two stroking chambers are connected to each other and relieved to the pump housing. This ensures the pump is torque-free.

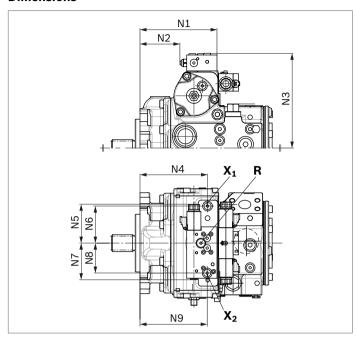
The return swivel times can be specifically and precisely adapted to the respective customer application. A second capability for deactivation and therefore making the pump torque-free is therefore realized when the neutral valve is used in safety-critical applications.

Technical data						
Voltage	12 V (±20%)	24 V (±20%)				
Neutral position $V_{\rm g}$ = 0	de-energized	de-energized				
Position $V_{\rm g\ max}$	Current switched on	Current switched on				
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	21.7 Ω				
Nominal power	26.2 W	26.5 W				
Minimum active current required	1.2 A	0.6 A				
Duty cycle	100%	100%				
Type of protection: see connector version page 61						

# ▼ Circuit diagram



#### **Dimensions**

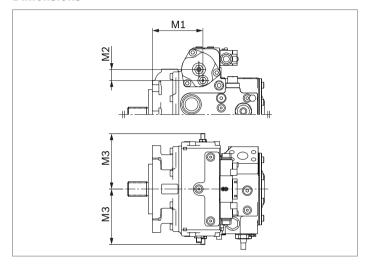


NG	110	125	145	175	210	280
N1	198.4	198.4	203.6	223.4	237.9	258.8
N2	100.7	100.7	105.9	125.7	140.2	161.1
N3	229.8	229.8	250.5	250.5	283	283
N4	173.5	173.5	178.7	198.5	210	230.9
N5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5
N6	83	83	98	98	112.5	112.5
N7	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5
N8	79	79	79	79	79	79
N9	172.5	172.5	177.7	197.5	212	232.9

#### **Mechanical stroke limiter**

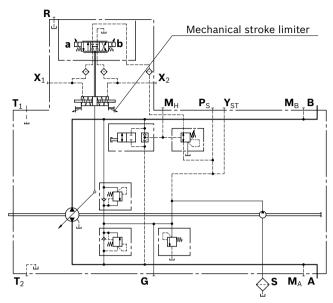
The mechanical stroke limiter is an auxiliary function allowing the maximum displacement of the pump to be steplessly reduced, regardless of the control module used. By means of two threaded pins, the stroke of the stroking piston and thus the maximum swivel angle of the pump can be limited.

#### **Dimensions**



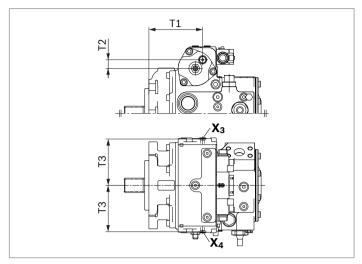
NG	M1	M2	М3	
110	153.6	27.7	157.3	
125	153.6	27.7	157.3	
145	155	33.8	170.1	
175	174.8	33.8	170.1	
210	183.9	38.1	199.6	
280	204.7	38.1	199.6	

#### ▼ Circuit diagram



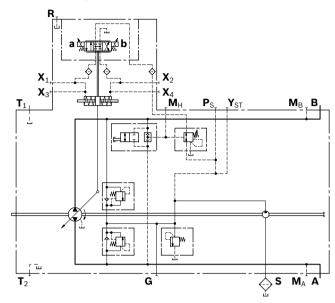
# Stroking chamber pressure port $\boldsymbol{X}_3$ and $\boldsymbol{X}_4$

#### **Dimensions**



NG	T1	T2	Т3	
110	161.8	21.8	128	
125	161.8	21.8	128	
145	164.9	26.4	142	
175	184.7	26.4	142	
210	195.7	30.6	166	
280	216.6	30.6	166	

# **▼** Circuit diagram



Ports		Standard <sup>1)</sup>	Size	$p_{max}$ [bar] $^{2)}$	State <sup>3)</sup>
<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub>	Stroking chamber pressure port	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 deep	40	X

<sup>1)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

<sup>2)</sup> Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

<sup>3)</sup> X = Plugged (in normal operation)

# Filtration in the boost pump suction line

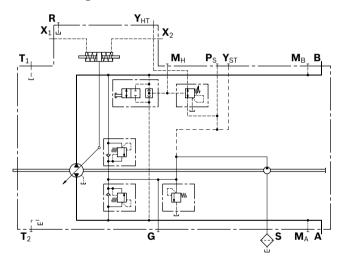
#### **Version S**

Filter version	Suction filter			
Recommendation	With contamination indicator with cold start valve			
Recommended flow resistance at f	ilter element			
At $v = 30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ , $n = n_{\text{max}}$	$\Delta p \le 0.1 \text{ bar}$			
At $\nu = 1000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}, n = n_{\text{max}}$	$\Delta p \le 0.3 \text{ bar}$			
Pressure at suction port S				
Continuous $p_{S \text{ min}}$ ( $v \le 30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ )	≥ 0.8 bar absolute			
Short-term, at a cold start (t < 3 min)	≥ 0.5 bar absolute			
Maximum pressure $p_{\text{S max}}$	≤ 5 bar absolute			

Use of version S is preferred.

The suction filter is not included in the scope of delivery.

#### ▼ Circuit diagram



# Filtration in the boost pump pressure line

# Version D Ports for external boost circuit filtration

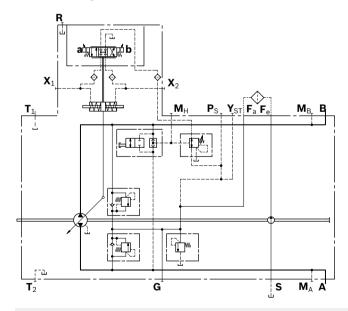
Ports	
Boost pressure inlet	Port <b>F</b> <sub>a</sub>
Boost pressure outlet	Port <b>F</b> <sub>e</sub>
Filter version	Boost pressure filter
Recommendation	With contamination indicator
	with cold start valve
Filter arrangement	Separate in the pressure line (inline filter)
Permissible flow resist	ance at filter element <sup>1)</sup>
At $v = 30 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	$\Delta p \le 1$ bar
For cold start	$\Delta p \leq 3$ bar

#### **Notice**

- ► Filters with a bypass **not recommended**. Please contact us for applications with a bypass.
- ▶ On versions with HT control (with pilot pressure not from a boost circuit) a filter must be used that fulfills the requirement with regard to filtration of the hydraulic fluid (see page 7).

The boost pressure filter is not included in the scope of delivery.

#### **▼** Circuit diagram



#### **Notice**

Bosch Rexroth has a comprehensive filter range. An inline filter such as the 110 LEN (see data sheet 51448) is suitable for charge pressure filtration. Further informations can also be found at www.boschrexroth.com/filter.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{}_{1)}$  Valid for entire speed range  $n_{\min}$  –  $n_{\max}$ 

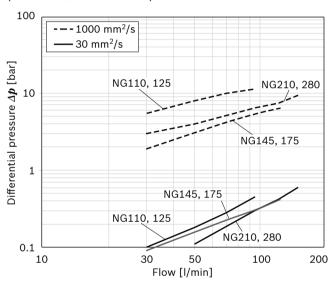
Version F<sup>1)</sup>
Attachment filter with cold start valve

Filter version	Attachment filter without bypass
Recommendation	Version with contamination indicator, see B (differential pressure $\Delta p = 5$ bar)
Filter grade (absolute)	20 μm
Filter material	Glass fiber
Pressure rating	100 bar
Filter arrangement	Mounted on pump

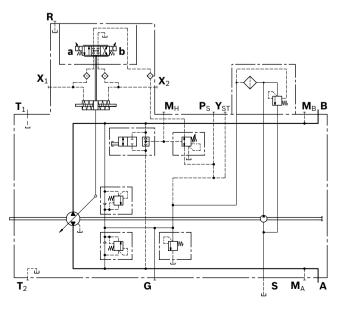
The attachment filter is equipped with a cold start valve and thereby protects the pump from damage. The valve opens at flow resistance of  $\Delta p \ge 6$  bar.

#### **▼** Filter characteristics

Differential pressure/flow characteristics to ISO 3968 (valid for clean filter element).



# **▼** Circuit diagram

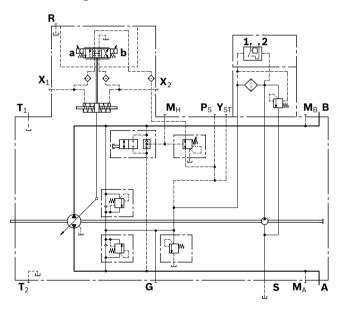


# Version B<sup>1)</sup> Attachment filter with cold start valve and electric contamination indicator

Filtration similar to version F, however with additional electric contamination indicator.

Technical data	
Display type	electrical
Connector version (mating connector, see page 61)	DEUTSCH DT04-2P-EP04
Differential pressure (switching pressure)	$\Delta p$ = 5 bar
Maximum switching capacity	12 V DC 24 W
	24 V DC 48 W
Type of protection IP67	DIN EN 60529

#### **▼** Circuit diagram



<sup>1)</sup> If using the filter versions F and B, make sure that a hydraulic fluid with a minimum electrical conductance of 300 pS/m is used. Please contact us if this value cannot be observed.

# **External boost pressure supply**

#### **Version E**

This variant should be used in versions without integrated boost pump  $(\mathbf{U})$ .

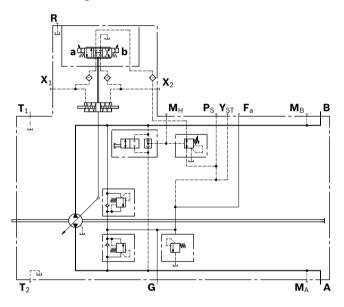
Port **S** is plugged.

The boost pressure supply comes from port **G**.

The filter should be installed separately at port **G** before the boost pressure supply.

To ensure the functional reliability, maintain the required cleanliness level for the boost fluid fed in at port  ${\bf G}$  (see page 7).

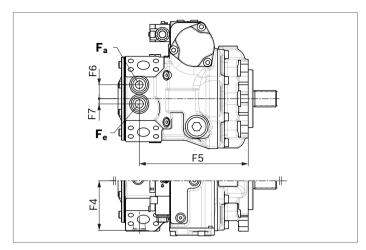
# ▼ Circuit diagram



# **Dimensions with mounted filter**

#### **▼** Version D

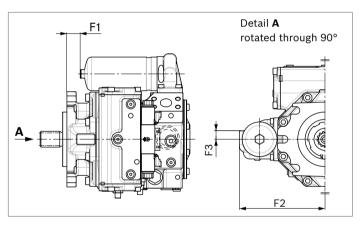
Ports for external boost circuit filtration



NG	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	<b>F</b> <sub>a</sub> , <b>F</b> <sub>e</sub> <sup>1)</sup>
110	76.5	229.5	22	121	264.5	37	14	M33 × 2;
125	76.5	229.5	22	121	264.5	37	14	19 deep
145	37.2	239.5	22	131	288.2	37	14	Accord- ing to
175	57	239.5	22	131	308	37	14	ISO6149
210	69	266.5	22	146.3	325	43	10	_
280	89.9	266.5	22	146.3	345.9	43	10	_

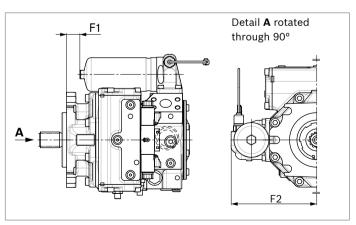
#### **▼** Version F

Attachment filter without contamination indicator



#### **▼** Version B

Attachment filter with cold start valve and electric contamination indicator



<sup>1)</sup> The countersink can be deeper than as specified in the standard.

# Swivel angle sensor

The swivel angle sensor is used to detect the swivel angle of axial piston units and thus the displacement using a Hall-effect based sensor IC. The determined measurement value is converted into an analog signal.

Please contact us if the swivel angle sensor is used for control.

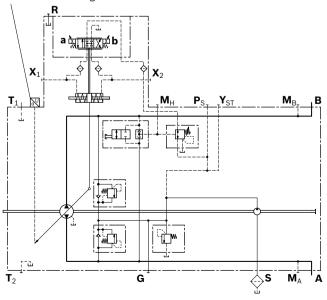
Characteristics				
Supply voltage $U_{b}$	10 to 30 V D	С		
Output voltage $U_{a}$	1 V 2.5	V 4 V		
	$(V_{\text{g max}})$ $(V_{\text{g}}$	$(V_{g\;max})$		
Reverse polarity protection	Short-circuit	resistant		
EMC resistance	Details on request			
Operating temperature range	-40 °C to +115 °C			
Vibration resistance	10 g / 5 to 2000 Hz			
sinusoidal vibration EN 60068-2-6				
Shock resistance:	25 <i>g</i>			
continuous shock IEC 68-2-29				
Salt spray resistance (DIN 50 021-SS)	96 h			
Type of protection with installed	IP67 – DIN E	N 60529		
mating connector	IP69K - DIN 40050-9			
Housing material	Plastic			

#### **Output voltage**

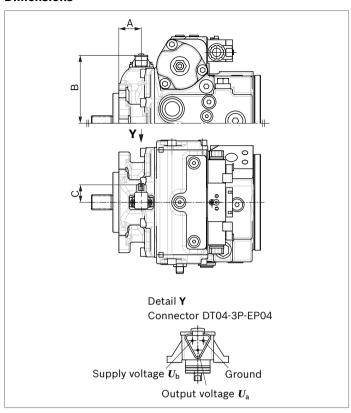
Direction of rotation <sup>1)</sup>	Flow direction	Working pressure	Output voltage at $V_{ m g0}$
Clockwise	B to A	$\mathbf{M}_{A}$	>2.5 V
	A to B	M <sub>B</sub>	<2.5 V
Counter-	A to B	M <sub>B</sub>	>2.5 V
clockwise	B to A	M <sub>A</sub>	<2.5 V

# ▼ Circuit diagram

Electric swivel angle sensor



#### **Dimensions**



NG	Α	В	С	
110	51.5	148.8	37	
125	51.5	148.8	37	
145	53.1	160.8	37	
175	64.4	160.8	37	
210	69	173.8	37	
280	75.1	173.8	37	

# Mating connector DEUTSCH DT06-3S-EP04

Consisting of	DT designation	
1 housing	DT06-3S-EP04	
1 wedge	W3S	
2 sockets	0462-201-16141	

The mating connector is not included in the scope of delivery. This can be supplied by Bosch Rexroth on request (material number R902603524).

#### **Notice**

It is not possible to retrofit existing units with a swivel angle sensor.

<sup>1)</sup> For flow direction, see controls

#### **Connector for solenoids**

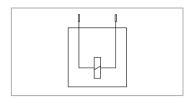
#### **DEUTSCH DT04-2P-EP04**

Molded, 2-pin, without bidirectional suppressor diode (standard).

The following type of protection ensues with an installed mating connector:

- ▶ IP67 (DIN EN 60529) and
- ► IP69K (DIN 40050-9)

#### **▼** Switching symbol



#### ▼ Mating connector DEUTSCH DT06-2S-EP04

Consisting of	DT designation
1 housing	DT06-2S-EP04
1 wedge	W2S
2 sockets	0462-201-16141

The mating connector is not included in the scope of delivery. This can be supplied by Bosch Rexroth on request (material number R902601804).

#### **Notice**

- ► If necessary, you can change the position of the connector by turning the solenoid.
- ▶ The procedure is defined in the instruction manual.

#### **Pressure Sensor**

The pressure on the working ports A and B can be recorded using the mounted PR4 pressure sensors (version M; 0 to 600 bar) in MA and MB. Type code, technical data, dimensions and details on the connector, plus safety instructions about the sensor can be found in the relevant data sheet 95156.

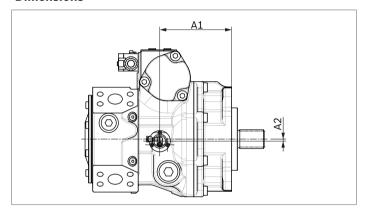
#### Notice

Due to the working pressure range of the A4VG series 40 from a nominal pressure of 450 bar and maximum pressure of 500 bar, only version M of the PR4 pressure sensor is approved.

# Speed sensor

With the speed sensor DSA/DSM mounted, a signal proportional to pump speed can be generated. The DSA/DSM sensor measures the speed and direction of rotation. Type code, technical data, dimensions and details on the connector, plus safety instructions about the sensor can be found in the relevant data sheet 95133 – DSA or 95132 – DSM. The sensor is mounted on the port provided for this purpose with a mounting bolt.

#### **Dimensions**



NG	110	125	145	175	210	280
A1	161.5	161.5	181.2	201.0	190	210.9
A2	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Number of teeth	53	On request	58	61	64	71

#### **Notice**

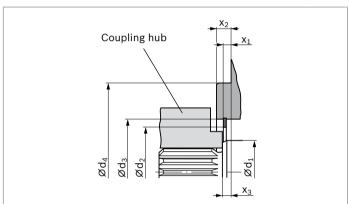
It is not possible to retrofit existing units with a speed sensor.

# Installation dimensions for coupling assembly

To ensure that rotating components (coupling hub) and fixed components (housing, snap ring) do not come into contact with each other, the installation conditions described here must be observed. This depends on the pump size and the splined shaft.

# **SAE** splined shaft (spline according to ANSI B92.1a) Splined shaft **V** or **T**

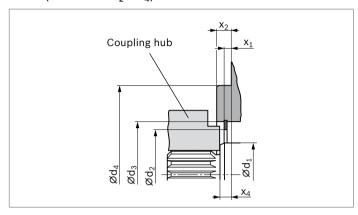
The outer diameter of the coupling hub must be smaller than the inner diameter of the snap ring (dimension  $d_2$ ) in the area near the drive shaft collar (dimension  $x_2 - x_3$ ).



# DIN splined shaft (spline according to DIN 5480)

Splined shaft Z or A

The outer diameter of the coupling hub must be smaller than the case diameter  $d_3$  in the area near the drive shaft collar (dimension  $x_2 - x_4$ ).



NG	Mounting	Ød <sub>1</sub>	Ød <sub>2 min</sub>	Ød <sub>3</sub>	Ød₄	<b>x</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>x</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>x</b> <sub>3</sub>	<b>x</b> <sub>4</sub>
	flange								
110	127-2/4	55	74.4	101±0.1	$127  {}^{0}_{-0,063}$	6.0	$12.7_{-0.5}$	8 +0.9	10 +0.9
	152-2/4	55	74.4	101±0.1	152.4 -0,063	6.0	12.7-0.5	8 +0.9	10 +0.9
125	127-2/4	55	74.4	101±0.1	127 -0,063	6.0	12.7-0.5	8 +0.9	10 +0.9
	152-2/4	55	74.4	101±0.1	152.4 -0,063	6.0	12.7-0.5	8 +0.9	10 +0.9
145	152-2/4	60	84.4	111±0.1	152.4 -0,063	7.4	12.7-0.5	8 +0.9 -0.6	10 +0.9
175	152-2/4	60	84.4	111±0.1	152.4 -0,063	7.0	12.7-0.5	8 +0.9 -0.6	10 +0.9
	165-4	60	84.4	111±0.1	165.1 -0,063	7.0	15.9-0.5	8 +0.9	10 +0.9
210	165-4	65	94.4	121±0.1	165.1 -0,063	5.5	15.9-0.5	8 +0.9 -0.6	10 +0.9
280	165-4	65	94.4	121±0.1	165.1 -0,063	7.0	15.9-0.5	8 +0.9 -0.6	10 +0.9

#### Installation instructions

#### General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation. This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines.

Particularly in the installation position "drive shaft upwards", filling and air bleeding must be carried out completely as there is, for example, a danger of dry running. The leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest drain port  $(T_1, T_2)$ .

For combination pumps, the leakage must be drained off at each pump.

If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating conditions, specifically on cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain lines must be laid if necessary.

To achieve favorable noise values, decouple all connecting lines using elastic elements and avoid above-reservoir installation.

Under all operating conditions, the suction line and drain line must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The permissible suction height  $h_S$  results from the overall loss of pressure. However, it must not be higher than  $h_{S max}$  = 800 mm.

The suction pressure at port **S** must also not fall below the minimum value of 0.8 bar absolute during operation (cold start 0.5 bar absolute).

# Installation position

See the following examples 1 to 12.

Further installation positions are available upon request. Recommended installation position: 1 and 2.

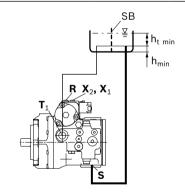
#### **Notice**

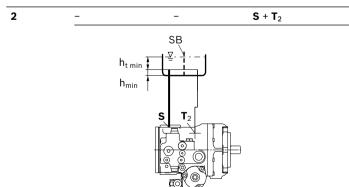
- ► If filling the stroking chambers via X₁ to X₄ is not possible in the final installation position, then this must take place before installation, e.g. in installation position 2.
- ► To prevent unexpected actuation and damage, the stroking chambers must be air bled via the ports X<sub>1</sub>, X<sub>2</sub>, or X<sub>3</sub>, X<sub>4</sub> depending on the installation position.
- ► In certain installation positions, an influence on the control or closed loop control can be expected. Gravity, dead weight and case pressure can cause minor shifts in control characteristic curves and changes in response time.

#### Below-reservoir installation (standard)

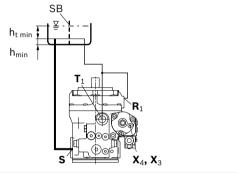
Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir and below the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.

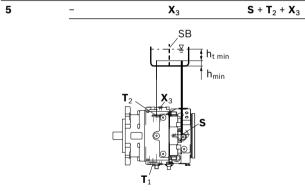
Installation position	Air bleeding the housing	Air bleeding the stroking chamber	Filling
1	R	$\mathbf{X}_1,  \mathbf{X}_2$	S + T <sub>1</sub> + X <sub>1</sub> + X <sub>2</sub>

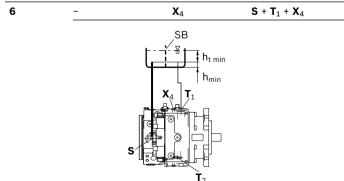




3	-	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub> SB	<b>S</b> + <b>T</b> <sub>2</sub> + <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> + <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>
		<b>1 1</b> √ - <b>□</b> + -	
	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>t min</sub>	
4	$R_1$	<b>X</b> <sub>3</sub> , <b>X</b> <sub>4</sub>	$S + T_1 + X_3 + X_4$







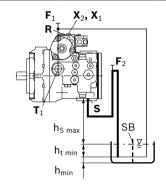
#### Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir.

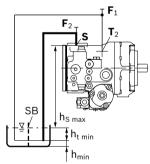
Observe the maximum permissible suction height  $h_{\text{S max}}$  = 800 mm.

Recommendation for installation position 10 (drive shaft upward): A check valve in the drain line (cracking pressure 0.5 bar) can prevent the housing area from draining.

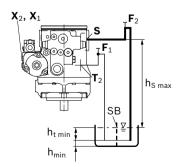
Installation position	Air bleeding the housing	Air bleeding the stroking chamber	Filling
7	<b>F</b> <sub>2</sub> + <b>R</b>	X <sub>1</sub> , X <sub>2</sub>	<b>F</b> <sub>1</sub> + <b>F</b> <sub>2</sub> + <b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> + <b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>



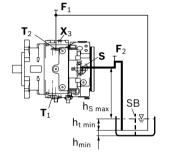
8  $F_2(S) + F_1(T_2) - F_2(S) + F_1(T_2)$ 

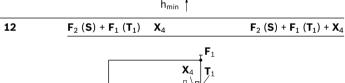


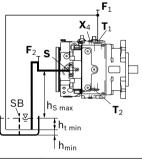
9  $F_2(S) + F_1(T_2) X_1, X_2$   $F_2(S) + F_1(T_2) + X_1 + X_2$ 



Installation position	Air bleeding the housing	Air bleeding the stroking chamber	Filling
10	<b>F</b> <sub>2</sub> + <b>R</b> <sub>1</sub>	$X_3$ , $X_4$	$F_1 + F_2 + X_3 + X_4$
	F <sub>2</sub> SB  SB  ∑  □  □  □  □  □  □  □  □  □  □  □  □	F <sub>1</sub> T <sub>1</sub> R <sub>1</sub> S X <sub>4</sub> , X h <sub>5 max</sub> h <sub>t min</sub> h <sub>min</sub>	3
11	$\mathbf{F}_2$ (S) + $\mathbf{F}_1$ ( $\mathbf{T}_2$ )	$\mathbf{X}_3$	$F_2$ (S) + $F_1$ ( $T_2$ ) + $X_3$
		. <b>F</b> <sub>1</sub>	







Key	
$F_1, F_2$	Filling / air bleeding
R	Air bleed port
$R_1$	Air bleed port (special version)
S	Suction port
$T_1$ , $T_2$	Drain port
$\mathbf{X}_1,  \mathbf{X}_2$	Control pressure port
$\mathbf{X}_3$ , $\mathbf{X}_4$	Stroking chamber pressure port
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)
h <sub>t min</sub>	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)
h <sub>min</sub>	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (100 mm)
h <sub>S max</sub>	Maximum permissible suction height (800 mm)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

#### Notice

Ports  ${\bf F_1}$  and  ${\bf F_2}$  are part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to make filling and air bleeding easier.

# **Project planning notes**

- ▶ The pump A4VG is designed to be used in closed circuit.
- ► The project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston unit requires the involvement of qualified skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, these can be requested from Bosch Rexroth.
- Before finalizing your design, please request a binding installation drawing.
- ► The specified data and notes contained herein must be observed.
- Depending on the operating conditions of the axial piston unit (working pressure, fluid temperature), the characteristic curve may shift.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservative protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservative protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation periods apply under optimal storage conditions, details of which can be found in the data sheet 90312 or the instruction manual.
- ► Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the responsible contact person at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. MTTF<sub>D</sub>) for functional safety.
- ▶ Depending on the type of control used, electromagnetic effects can be produced when using solenoids. Applying the recommended direct voltage signal (DC) to solenoids does not create electromagnetic interference (EMI) nor is the solenoid affected by EMI. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) potential exists when operating and controlling a solenoid with a modulated direct voltage signal (e.g. PWM signal). Appropriate testing and measures should be taken by the machine manufacturer to ensure other components or operators (e.g. with pacemaker) are not affected by this potential.
- ► The pressure cut-off is not a safeguard against pressure overload. Be sure to add a pressure relief valve to the hydraulic system.
- ▶ With dynamic power flow (switch of pumps to operation as a motor) a maximum of 95%  $V_{\rm g\ max}$  is permissible. We recommend configuring the software accordingly.

- ► For drives that are operated for a long period with constant rotational speed, the natural frequency of the hydraulic system can be excited by the excitation frequency of the pump (rotational speed frequency ×9). This can be prevented with suitably designed hydraulic lines.
- ▶ Please note the details regarding the tightening torques of port threads and other threaded joints in the instruction manual.
- ► Working ports:
  - The ports and fastening threads are designed for the specified maximum pressure. The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified application conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
  - The working ports and function ports are only intended to accommodate hydraulic lines.

# **Safety instructions**

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of getting burnt on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. impure hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components). As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk. The machine/ system manufacturer must test whether remedial measures are needed on the machine for the application concerned in order to set the consumer being driven to a safe position (e.g. safe stop) and if necessary to ensure it is properly implemented.
- ► Moving parts in high-pressure relief valves may in certain circumstances become stuck in an undefined position due to contamination (e.g. impure hydraulic fluid). This can result in restriction or loss of the load holding function in lifting winches.
  - The machine/system manufacturer must check whether additional measures are required on the machine for the relevant application in order to keep the load in a safe position and ensure they are properly implemented.

#### **Bosch Rexroth AG**

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